



Advanced General Aviation Transport Experiments

B – Basis Design Allowables for Epoxy – Based Prepreg

Newport Carbon Plain Weave Fabric 3K70P / NB321

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope

The Advanced General Aviation Transport Experiments (AGATE) consortium is an industry-university-government partnership initiated by NASA to create the technological basis for revitalization of the United States general aviation industry. It was founded in 1994 to develop affordable new technology as well as the industrial standards and certification methods for composite airframe, cockpit, flight systems and airspace infrastructure for Federal Aviation Regulations (FAR) Part 23 aircraft. The composite material properties contained within the document were generated under Work Package 3 : Integrated Design and Manufacturing Methods.

Although AGATE was focused towards the small general aviation aircraft (Part 23), the test methods and results contained in this document are consistent with MIL-HDBK-17-1E,2D,3E - Military Handbook for Polymer Matrix Composites. All material, specimens, fixtures and test results contained within this document were traceable and conformed by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) as part of the AGATE effort. It should be noted that before application of the basis values presented in this document to design, demonstration of the ability to consistently produce equivalent material properties as that evaluated during this program should be substantiated through an acceptable test program.

The test methods and results described in this document are intended to provide basic composite properties essential to most methods of analysis. These properties are considered to provide the initial base of the “building block” approach. Additional coupon level tests and subelement tests may be required to fully substantiate the full-scale design.

1.2 Symbols Used

ν_{12}^{tu}	major Poisson's ratio, tension
$\mu\varepsilon$	micro-strain
E^c	compressive modulus, laminate
E^t	tensile modulus, laminate
F_{12}^{su}	in – plane shear strength
F_{13}^{su}	apparent interlaminar shear strength
F^{cu}	compressive strength, laminate
F^{tu}	tensile strength, laminate
G_{12}^s	in – plane shear modulus

Superscripts

c	compression
cu	compression ultimate
s	shear
su	shear ultimate
t	tension
tu	tension ultimate

Subscripts

12	in – plane shear
13	interlaminar shear (apparent)

1.3 Acronyms and Definitions

A – Basis	95% lower confidence limit on the first population percentile
AGATE	Advanced General Aviation Transport Experiments
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
B – Basis	95% lower confidence limit on the tenth population percentile
C/Ep	carbon/epoxy
C. V.	coefficient of variation
CTD	cold temperature dry
CPT	cured ply thickness
DMA	dynamic mechanical analysis
dry	specimen tested with an “as fabricated” moisture content
ETD	elevated temperature dry
ETW	elevated temperature wet
FAR	Federal Aviation Regulations
FAW	fiber areal weight
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
RTD	room temperature dry
SACMA	Suppliers of Advanced Composite Materials Association
SRM	SACMA Recommended Method
T _g	glass transition temperature
t _{ply}	cured ply thickness
wet	specimen tested with an equilibrium moisture content per section 1.5.2

1.4 References

ASTM Standards

D3039-95	Tensile Properties of Polymer Matrix Composite Materials
D5379-93	Shear Properties of Composite Materials by the V-Notched Beam Method
D2344-89	Apparent Interlaminar Shear Strength of Parallel Fiber Composites by Short – Beam Method
D792-91	Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement
D2734-94	Void Content of Reinforced Plastics
D3171-90	Fiber Content of Resin – Matrix Composites by Matrix Digestion
D695-91	Compressive Properties of Rigid Plastics

SACMA Standards

SRM 1-94	Compressive Properties of Oriented Fiber-Resin Composites
SRM 8-94	Short Beam Shear Strength of Oriented Fiber-Resin Composites
SRM 18-94	Glass Transition Temperature (T_g) Determination by DMA of Oriented Fiber-Resin Composites

Other Documents

FAA Document DOT/FAA/AR-00/47: Material Qualification and Equivalency for Polymer Matrix Composite Material Systems, J.S. Tomblin, Y.C. Ng and K.S. Raju, 2001.

MIL-HDBK-17 1E, 2D, 3E – Military Handbook for Polymer Matrix Composites

PACUSA Lancair Document No: SX512110 Rev. A, Composite Fabrication of Epoxy Laminates and Assemblies

1.5 Methodology

1.5.1 Test Matrix

Testing was performed according to the test methods delineated in the test matrix, with modifications as referenced in the AGATE report, Material Qualification and Equivalency for Polymer Matrix Composite Material Systems. The test matrix for properties included in this document is listed on the next page, with the following notation cited in each column:

x

where the first # represents the required number of prepreg batches, defined as: Prepreg containing 3K70P plain weave fabric from one mill roll, impregnated with one batch of resin in one continuous manufacturing operation with traceability to all components. The second # represents the required number of replicates per prepreg batch. For example, “3 x 6” refers to three prepreg batches of material and six specimens per prepreg batch for a total requirement of 18 test specimens.

Table 1.5.1: Test Matrix and Standards Used

TEST	METHOD	NO. OF REPLICATES PER TEST CONDITION			
		CTD ¹	RTD ²	ETW ³	ETD ⁴
Laminate Tension Strength	ASTM D3039-95	1x4	3x4	3x4	
LaminateTension Strength & Modulus,	ASTM D3039-95	1x2	3x2	3x2	
LaminateTension, Poisson's Ratio	ASTM D3039-95		3x1		
Laminate Compression Strength	SACMA SRM 1-94	1x6	3x6	3x6	3x6
Laminate Compression Modulus	SACMA SRM 1-94	1x2	3x2	3x2	
In-Plane Shear Strength	ASTM D5379-93	1x4	3x4	3x4	3x6
In-Plane Shear Modulus and Strength	ASTM D5379-93	1x2	3x2	3x2	
Short Beam Shear	ASTM D2344-89	1x6	3x6	3x6	3x6
Fiber Volume	ASTM D3171-90	One sample per panel			
Resin Volume	ASTM D3171-90	One sample per panel			
Void Content	ASTM D2734-94	One sample per panel			
Cured Neat Resin Density	---	Supplied by manufacturer for material			
Glass Transition Temperature	SACMA RM 18-94	6 dry, 6 wet			

Notes :

- 1 CTD: One prepreg lot of material tested (test temperature = $-65 \pm 5^{\circ}$ F, moisture content = as fabricated, soak time at -65 was 10 min.)
 - 2 RTD: Three prepreg lots of material tested (test temperature = $70 \pm 10^{\circ}$ F, moisture content = as fabricated)
 - 3 ETW: Three prepreg lots of material tested (test temperature = $175 \pm 5^{\circ}$ F, moisture content = equilibrium per section 1.5.2, soak time at 175 was 30-60 sec.)
 - 4 ETD: Three prepreg lots of material tested (test temperature = $175 \pm 5^{\circ}$ F, moisture content = as fabricated, soak time at 175 was 10 min.)
-

1.5.2 Environmental Conditioning

All ‘wet’ conditioned samples were exposed to elevated temperature and humidity conditions to establish moisture saturation of the material. Specimens were exposed to $85 \pm 5\%$ relative humidity and $145 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{F}$ until an equilibrium moisture weight gain of traveler, or witness coupons ($1'' \times 1'' \times$ specimen thickness) was achieved. ASTM D5229 and SACMA SRM 11 were used as guidelines for environmental conditioning and moisture absorption.

Effective moisture equilibrium was achieved when the average moisture content of the traveler specimen changed by less than 0.05% for two consecutive readings within a span of 7 ± 0.5 days and was expressed by:

$$\frac{W_i - W_{i-1}}{W_b} < 0.0005$$

where W_i = weight at current time
 W_{i-1} = weight at previous time
 W_b = baseline weight prior to conditioning

It is common to see small fluctuations in an unfitted plot of the weight gain vs. time curve. There were no fluctuations that made significant errors in results or caused rejection in the moisture equilibrium criteria. Once the traveler coupons passed the criteria for two consecutive readings, the samples were removed from the environmental chamber and placed in a sealed bag with a moist paper or cotton towel for a maximum of 14 days until mechanical testing. Strain gauged specimens were removed from the controlled environment for a maximum of 2 hours for application of gages in ambient laboratory conditions.

1.5.3 Normalization Procedures

The normalization procedure attempts to reduce variability in fiber-dominated material properties by adjusting raw test values to a specified fiber volume content. Only the following properties were normalized:

- Laminate Tensile Strength and Modulus
- Laminate Compression Strength and Modulus

The normalization procedure was adopted from MIL-HDBK-17-1E, section 2.4.3.3. The procedure which was used to normalize the data is based on two primary assumptions:

- The relationship between fiber volume fraction and ultimate laminate strength is linear over the entire range of fiber/resin ratios. (It neglects the effects of resin starvation at high fiber contents.)
- Fiber volume is not commonly measured for each test sample, so this method accounts for the fiber volume variation between individual test specimens by utilizing a relationship between fiber volume fraction and laminate cured ply thickness. This relationship is virtually linear in the 0.45 to 0.65 fiber volume fraction range.

Additional information is detailed in FAA Document DOT/FAA/AR-00/47: Material Qualification and Equivalency for Polymer Matrix Composite Material Systems. For all normalized data contained in this document, the test values are normalized by cured ply thickness according to:

$$\text{Normalized Value} = \text{Test Value} \times \frac{CPT_{\text{specimen}}}{CPT_{\text{normalizing}}}$$

where:

$$CPT_{\text{specimen}} = \frac{\text{Average Sample Thickness}}{\# \text{ of plies}}$$

1.5.4 Statistical Analysis

When compared to metallic materials, fiber reinforced composite materials exhibit a high degree of material property variability. This variability is due to many factors, including but not limited to: raw material and prepreg manufacture, material handling, part fabrication techniques, ply stacking sequence, environmental conditions, and testing techniques. This inherent variability drives up the cost of composite testing and tends to render smaller data sets than those produced for metallic materials. This necessitates the usage of statistical techniques for determining reasonable design allowables for composites.

The analyses and design allowable generation for both A and B basis values were performed using the procedure detailed in section 5.3 of FAA Document DOT/FAA/AR-00/47: Material Qualification and Equivalency for Polymer Matrix Composite Material Systems.

1.5.5 Material Performance Envelope and Interpolation

Using the B-basis numbers, a material performance envelope may be generated for the material system by plotting these values as a function of temperature. Figure 1.5.1 shows an example material performance envelope using B-basis values.

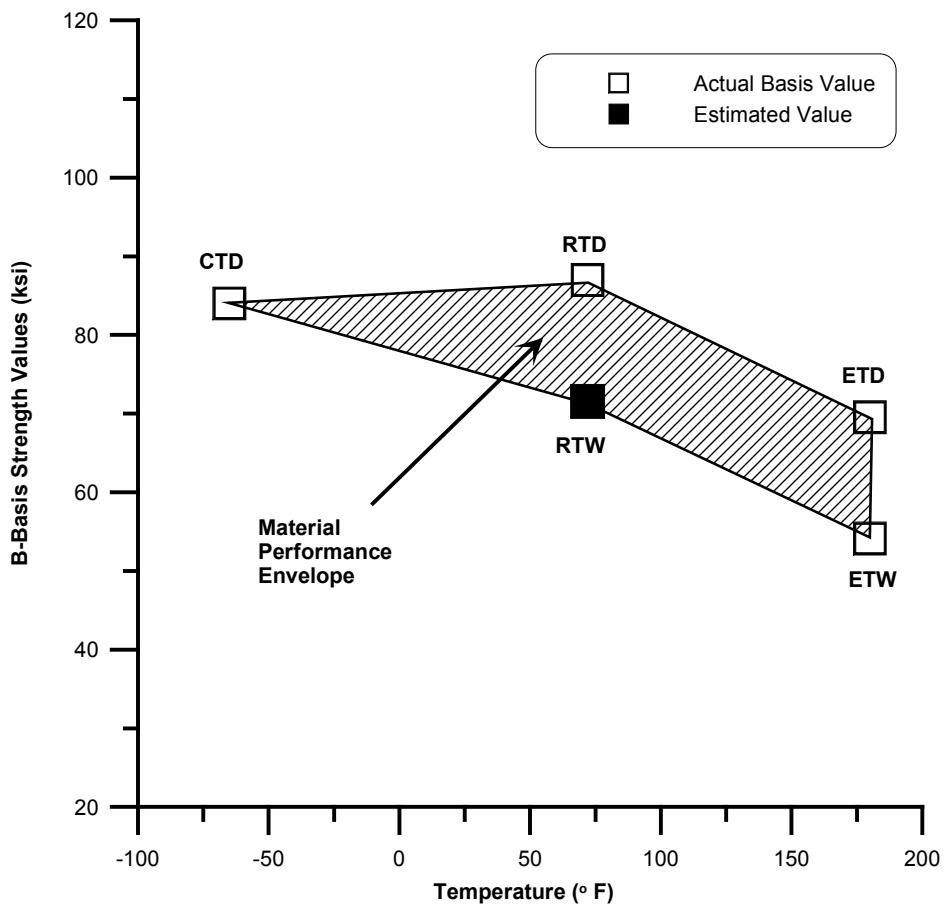


Figure 1.5.1 Material performance envelope.

Since each specific aircraft application of the qualified material may have different Material Operational Limits (MOL) than those tested in the material qualification (which is usually the upper limit), some applications may require a reduced MOL. In this case, simple linear interpolation may be used to obtain the corresponding basis values at the new application MOL.

This interpolation may be accomplished using the following simple relationships assuming $T_{RTD} < T_{MOL} < T_{ETD}$:

For the corresponding MOL “dry” basis value, the “interpolated” basis value using the qualification data is

$$B_{MOL} = B_{RTD} - \frac{(B_{RTD} - B_{ETD})(T_{RTD} - T_{MOL})}{(T_{RTD} - T_{ETD})}$$

where

B_{MOL} = new application basis value interpolated to T_{MOL}
 B_{RTD} = basis RTD strength value
 B_{ETD} = basis ETD strength value
 T_{RTD} = RTD test temperature
 T_{ETD} = ETD test temperature
 T_{MOL} = new application MOL temperature

For the corresponding MOL “wet” basis value, an estimated Room Temperature Wet (RTW) value must be calculated. This may be accomplished by the simple relation

$$B_{RTW} = B_{RTD} - (B_{ETD} - B_{ETW})$$

The “interpolated” wet basis value using the qualification data may then be obtained by

$$B_{MOL} = B_{RTW} - \frac{(B_{RTW} - B_{ETW})(T_{RTW} - T_{MOL})}{(T_{RTW} - T_{ETW})}$$

where:

B_{MOL} = new application basis value interpolated to T_{MOL}
 B_{RTW} = estimated basis RTW strength value
 B_{ETW} = basis ETW strength value
 T_{RTW} = RTW (i.e., RTD) test temperature
 T_{ETW} = ETW test temperature
 T_{MOL} = new application MOL temperature

These equations may also be used for interpolated mean strengths as well as A-basis values with the appropriate substitutions. It should be noted that because unforeseen material property drop-offs with respect to temperature and environment can occur, *extrapolation* to a higher MOL should not be attempted without additional testing and verification. In addition, the interpolation equations shown above are practical for materials obeying *typical* mechanical behavior. In most cases, some minimal amount of testing may also be required to verify the interpolated values.

1.5.5.1 Interpolation Example

This section provides an example of linear interpolations to a specific application environment less than the tested upper material limit used in qualification. Assuming a specific application environment of 150° F, Figure 1.5.2 depicts the linear interpolation of the B-basis design allowable to this environment. Using the above equations along with the nominal testing temperatures (see Table 1.5.1), the interpolated basis values at 150° F become

$$\text{ETD} : B_{\text{MOL}} = 75.106 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\text{ETW} : B_{\text{MOL}} = 59.746 \text{ ksi}$$

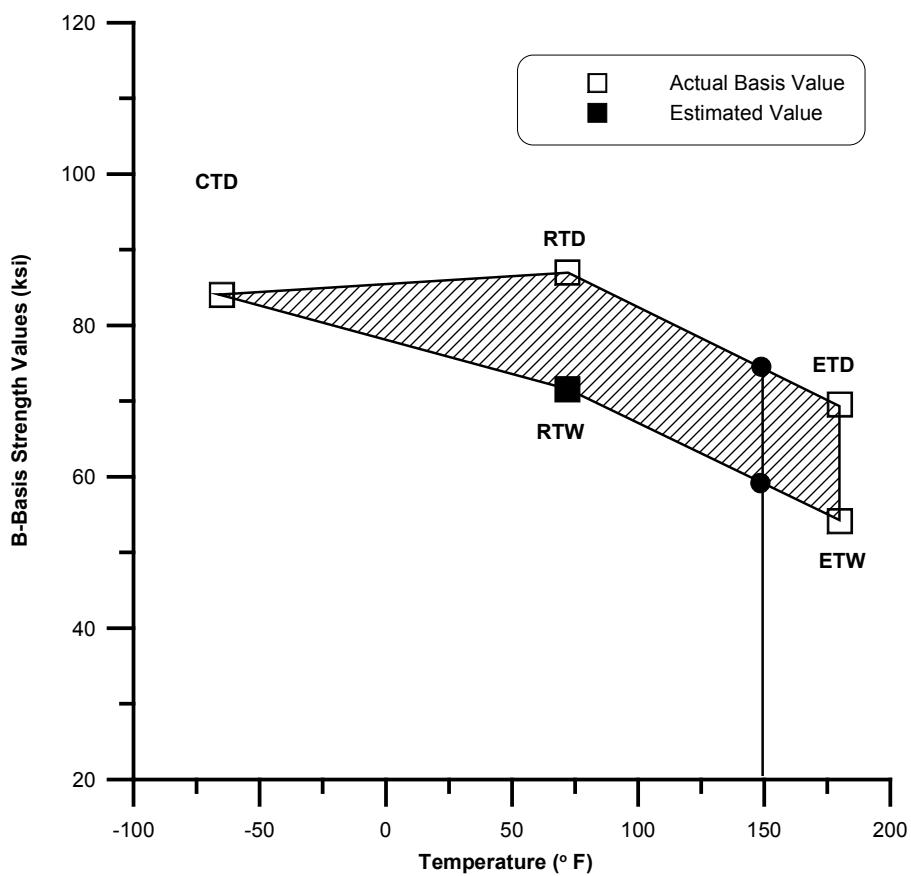


Figure 1.5.2 Example of 150° F interpolation for B-basis values.

2.0 NEWPORT 3K70P / NB 321 PREPREG PROPERTIES

2.1 Prepreg Documentation by Prepreg Lot

Prepreg Documentation				Prepreg Manufacturer & Product ID: Newport NB321-3K70P Impregnation Method: Hot Melt - Direct Coating
Prepreg Batch or Lot #	4426A	4601 B	4632 B	
Batch # as Labeled on Specimens	1	2	3	
Date of Manufacture	4/24/96	7/20/96	8/2/96	
Expiration Date	4/25/97	1/23/97	2/5/97	
Resin Content [%]				42±3%
Reinforcement Areal Weight & Test Method				0.040 lb/ft ² NACTM 013
Resin Flow & Test Conditions	25.8% 275°F/25 psi	20.6% 275°F/25 psi	26.4% 275°F/25 psi	
Gel Time & Test Conditions	7min 35sec @ 275°F	6min 21sec @ 275°F	6min 2sec @ 275°F	
Volatile Content				Not Tested (less than 0.5% typical)
Reinforcement Documentation	Fiber/Fabric Manufacturer & Product ID: Hercules AS4C-M Precursor Type: HI SPAN Precursor 3K PAN Nominal Filament Count: 3000 Finish/Sizing Type and %: 1.0-1.4% Nominal tow or yarn count/inch:12.0 X 12.0			
	Fabric Batch or Lot #	D1073-5D	D1073-5D	D1370-6C
	Date of Manufacture	8/8/95	8/8/95	5/26/96
	Average Fiber Density per Lot & Test Method			1.79 g/cm ³ ASTM D792
	Matrix Documentation			
Matrix Documentation	Resin Manufacturer & Product ID: Newport NB321			
	Matrix Batch or Lot #	4426A	4601B	4632B
	Date of Manufacture	4/24/96	7/20/96	8/2/96
Average Neat Resin Density by Lot & Test Method				1.20 g/cm ³ ASTM D792

Note: The fabric was woven without a selvage edge resulting in excessive fiber misalignment.

2.2 Process Specification

This specification does not address issues relating to safety, quality control, bagging material selection, bagging procedure, tool preparation, or equipment selection. Although these may affect overall part quality, it is the responsibility of the end user to develop procedures related to these issues in a manner that produces parts with high quality and consistency.

The following oven cure procedures are excerpts from PAC USA Lancair SX512110 Rev. A, Composite Fabrication of Epoxy Laminates and Assemblies. All test specimens were cured per this specification by Pacific Aviation Composites. However, the effects of the upper and lower limits of vacuum, temperature, cure time, heat-up rate and hold temperature on the mechanical and thermal properties have not been investigated.

Prior to Cure

- Woven fabric orientation angle shall be within $\pm 10^\circ$ of the specified orientation.
- At least two vacuum connections shall be used for any part larger than 4 square feet. For larger parts, at least one vacuum connection shall be provided for every 18 square feet of laminate surface.
- Allow the bagged assembly to stand for at least 15 minutes with an applied vacuum of at least 22" Hg. Before placing a bagged assembly in the oven, apply at least 22" Hg vacuum and check for bag leaks. Bag leaks greater than 3.0" Hg during 5 minutes shall be corrected. If correction procedures are unsuccessful in eliminating the leak, the entire bag shall be re-bagged and the new bag shall be checked for leaks.

Oven Cure Procedure

- Install the bagged assembly in a cool oven (temperatures less than 100° F). Connect the calibrated thermocouples to the parts, allowing at least one thermocouple per part.
- Cure all prepreg parts as follows:
 1. Heat the part to $270 \pm 10^\circ$ F at a rate of 1 to 6° F per minute based upon the part thermocouple reading. The part must reach $270 \pm 10^\circ$ F in 60 to 180 minutes. At least 22" Hg vacuum shall be maintained throughout the heat up, hold, and cool down to 170° F.
 2. Hold at $270 \pm 10^\circ$ F for 100±10 minutes. The hold period begins when the lowest part thermocouple reaches 260° F.
 3. When multiple parts are cured in the same oven load, the part thermocouple showing the slowest temperature heat-up rate in the load shall be used to determine the start of the 270° F hold period.

4. Cool the part to below 170°F at a rate not to exceed 10° F per minute as measured on the part thermocouple while maintaining full vacuum.

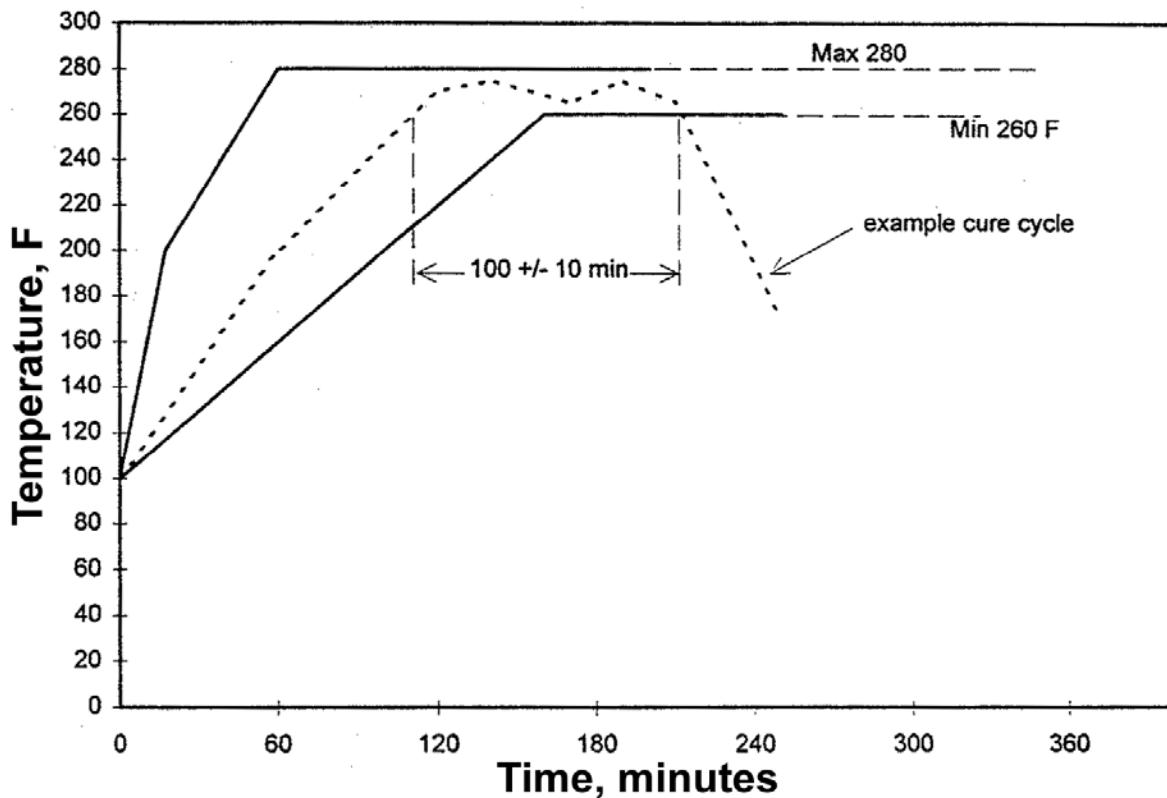


Figure 2.2: Sample prepreg cure cycle 3K70P / NB321 carbon fabric.
Figure courtesy of Pacific Aviation Composites, USA LLC.

3.0 NEWPORT 3K70P / NB 321 LAMINATE PROPERTIES

NOTE: The mechanical properties included in this document are representative only of the lay-up schedule used for the test laminates (which include combinations of both 0° and 90° plies), and thus do not represent the true lamina properties of the prepreg. Therefore, the term laminates is used throughout the document for clarity.

3.1 Test Results

3.1.1 Summary

MATERIAL:	NB321/3K70P Carbon Cloth	NB321/3K70P
PREPREG:	Newport NB321/3K70P Carbon Cloth (1.1% sizing)	Summary
FIBER:	Hexcel AS4C-M 3K	RESIN: Newport NB321
T_g (dry):	250.5 °F	T_g METHOD: DMA (SRM 18-94)
PROCESSING:	Vacuum bag cure (22+ in. Hg.): 270 ± 10°F for 100 ± 10 min.	

Date of fiber manufacture	8/95 -- 5/96	Date of testing	12/96 -- 4/97
Date of resin manufacture	4/96 -- 8/96	Date of data submittal	4/98
Date of prepreg manufacture	4/96 -- 8/96	Date of analysis	12/96 -- 5/97
Date of composite manufacture	5/96 -- 10/96		

LAMINATE MECHANICAL PROPERTY SUMMARY

Data Reported as: Measured
 (Normalized by CPT=0.0085 in)

	CTD		RTD		ETD		ETW	
	B-Basis	Mean	B-Basis	Mean	B-Basis	Mean	B-Basis	Mean
F₁^{tu} (ksi)	64.26 (63.26)	83.28 (80.93)	72.41 (71.16)	89.95 (87.45)	---	---	61.51 (60.14)	76.41 (73.90)
E₁^t (Msi)	---	8.15 (7.92)	---	9.62 (9.28)	---	---	---	8.39 (8.16)
v₁₂^{tu}	---	---	---	0.058	---	---	---	---
F₁^{cu} (ksi)	59.00 (60.41)	74.67 (78.74)	56.78 (57.01)	69.23 (71.21)	34.18 (33.97)	41.78 (42.55)	45.87 (45.99)	55.78 (57.27)
E₁^c (Msi)	---	7.33 (7.75)	---	7.91 (8.24)	---	---	---	8.14 (8.42)
F₁₂^{su} (ksi)	14.60	18.00	13.88	16.67	10.85	13.02	9.20	11.06
G₁₂^s (Msi)	---	0.72	---	0.62	---	---	---	0.43
F₁₃^{su**} (ksi)	---	---	7.16	8.77	---	---	---	---

** Apparent interlaminar shear strength

3.1.2 Individual Test Summaries

3.1.2.1 Tension, Laminate

Material:	Newport NB321/3K70P carbon cloth								Tension, Laminate C/Ep Newport NB321/3K70P [0_f/90_f/0_f/90_f/0_f/90_f/0_f/90_f/0_f]			
Resin content:	38 - 44 wt. %								Comp. density:	1.46 - 1.50 g/cc		
Fiber volume:	46 - 52 %								Void content:	0.6 - 2.6 %		
Ply thickness:	0.0080-0.0087 in.											
Ply range:	9 ply											
Test method:	D3039-95								Modulus calculation:	linear fit from 1000 - 3000 $\mu\epsilon$		
Normalized by:	0.0085 in. ply thickness											
	CTD		RTD		ETD		ETW					
Test Temperature [°F] Moisture Conditioning Equilibrium at T, RH Source code	-65 dry as fabricated MCJXXXXB		70 dry as fabricated MCJXXXXA				175 equilibrium 145 F , 85 % MCJXXXXC					
	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured
F^u (ksi)	Mean	80.93	83.28	87.45	89.95		73.90	76.41				
	Minimum	75.94	77.92	69.63	72.40		52.82	53.54				
	Maximum	85.69	90.09	104.03	106.51		84.77	89.90				
	C.V. (%)	4.72	5.82	9.41	9.23		13.12	14.08				
	B-value	63.26	64.26	71.16	72.41		60.14	61.51				
	A-value	53.30	53.52	60.00	60.40		50.70	51.30				
	No. Specimens	6		22			22					
	No. Prepreg Lots	1		3			3					
E^t (Msi)	Mean	7.92	8.15	9.28	9.62		8.16	8.39				
	Minimum	7.67	7.74	8.16	8.22		7.47	7.53				
	Maximum	8.32	8.45	10.47	10.92		8.66	8.97				
	C.V. (%)	2.71	3.70	10.08	11.17		5.06	6.08				
	No. Specimens	6		14			9					
	No. Prepreg Lots	1		3			3					
v_{12}^t	Mean			0.058								
	No. Specimens			3								
	No. Prepreg Lots			3								

3.1.2.2 Compression, Laminate

Material:	Newport NB321/3K70P carbon cloth								Compression,Laminate C/Ep Newport NB321/3K70P [0_f/90_f]_{3s}			
Resin content:	42 - 45 wt. %								Comp. density:	1.47 - 1.49 g/cc		
Fiber volume:	45 - 48 %								Void content:	0.1 - 2.0 %		
Ply thickness:	0.0083 - 0.0095 in.											
Ply range:	12 ply											
Test method:	SRM 1-94, D695-91 (mod)								Modulus calculation:	linear fit from 1000 - 3000 $\mu\epsilon$		
Normalized by:	0.0085 in. ply thickness											
	CTD		RTD		ETD		ETW					
Test Temperature [°F]	-65		70		175		175					
Moisture Conditioning	dry		dry		dry		equilibrium					
Equilibrium at T, RH	as fabricated		as fabricated		as fabricated		145 F , 85 %					
Source code	MCKXXXXB		MCKXXXXA		MCKXXXXE		MCKXXXXC					
	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured
F^{Cu} (ksi)	Mean	78.74	74.67	71.21	69.23	42.55	41.78	57.27	55.78			
	Minimum	70.47	68.46	53.10	52.97	37.92	36.29	43.51	42.06			
	Maximum	85.29	81.12	84.14	77.44	52.03	50.30	75.41	71.22			
	C.V.(%)	7.11	6.70	11.74	9.66	9.91	9.63	13.87	12.71			
No. Specimens	6		20		18		23					
No. Prepreg Lots	1		3		3		3					
E^c (Msi)	Mean	7.75	7.33	8.24	7.91			8.42	8.14			
	Minimum	7.51	7.06	7.53	7.17			7.78	7.57			
	Maximum	7.99	7.59	8.58	8.39			8.63	8.38			
	C.V.(%)	4.36	5.18	5.72	6.55			3.80	3.65			
No. Specimens	2		6		6		6					
No. Prepreg Lots	1		3		3		3					

3.1.2.3 Shear, 12 axis

Material:	Newport NB321/3K70P carbon cloth										Shear, 12-axis C/Ep Newport NB321/3K70P $[(0_f/90_f)_2/0_f]_s$	
Resin content:	38 - 43 wt. %										Comp. density:	1.44 - 1.49 g/cc
Fiber volume:	48 - 50 %										Void content:	0.4 - 3.6 %
Ply thickness:	0.0080-0.0090 in.											
Ply range:	10 ply											
Test method:	D5379-93										Modulus calculation:	linear fit from 1000 - 6000 $\mu\epsilon$
Normalized by:	N/A											
	CTD		RTD		ETD		ETW					
Test Temperature [°F]	-65		70		175		175					
Moisture Conditioning	dry		dry		dry		equilibrium					
Equilibrium at T, RH	as fabricated		as fabricated		as fabricated		145 F , 85 %					
Source code	MCNXXXXB		MCNXXXXA		MCNXXXXE		MCNXXXXC					
	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured
F_{12}^{su} (ksi)	Mean	18.00		16.67		13.02		11.06				
	Minimum	17.44		14.32		10.72		9.63				
	Maximum	18.77		19.94		15.12		12.84				
	C.V.(%)	2.71		11.33		10.09		9.40				
	B-value	14.60		13.88		10.85		9.20				
	A-value	12.65		12.03		9.40		7.98				
	No. Specimens	6		18		19		18				
	No. Prepreg Lots	1		3		3		3				
G_{12}^s (Msi)	Mean	0.72		0.62				0.43				
	Minimum	0.72		0.55				0.32				
	Maximum	0.73		0.73				0.51				
	C.V.(%)	0.60		11.23				17.97				
	No. Specimens	2		6				6				
	No. Prepreg Lots	1		3				3				

3.1.2.4 Shear, 13 axis

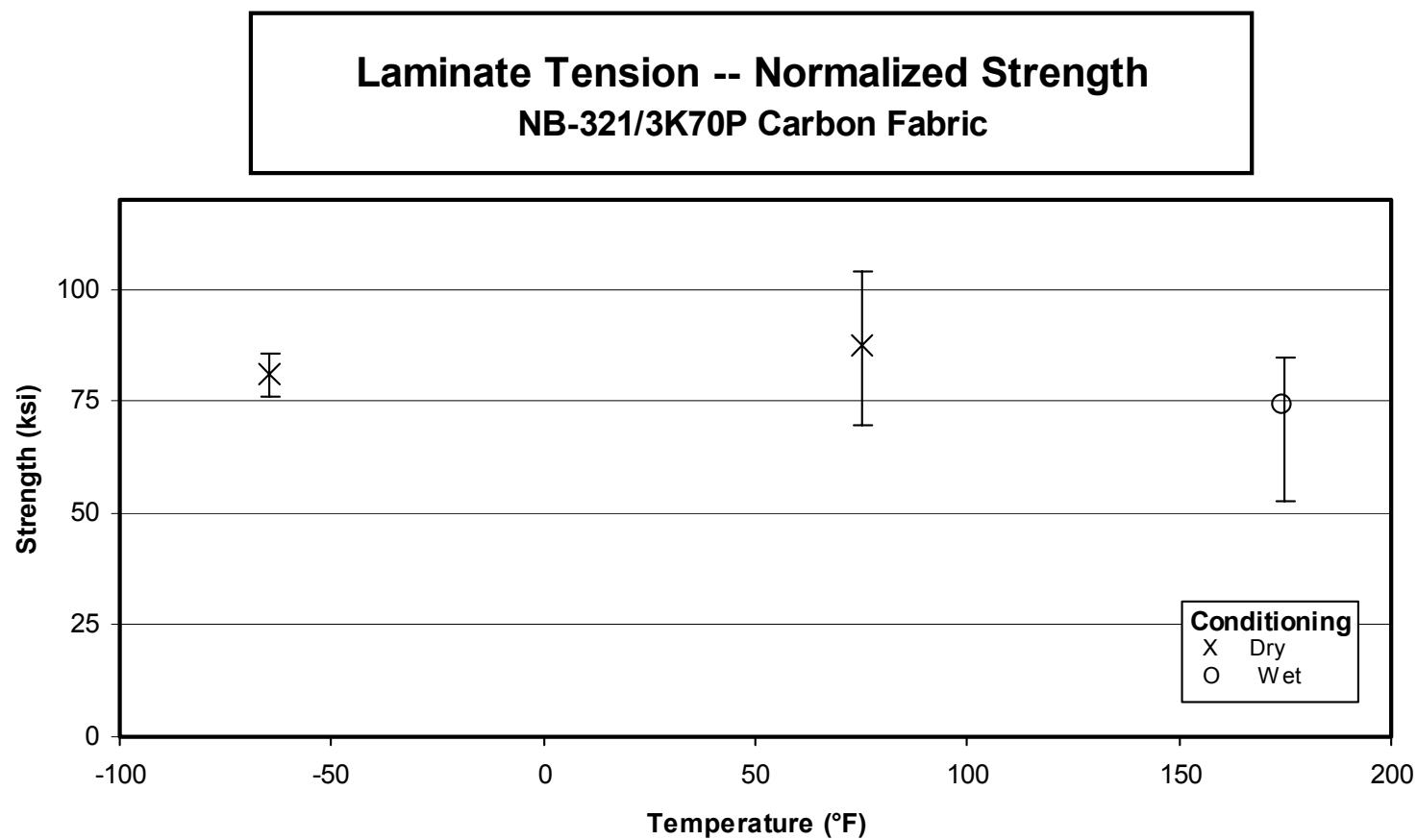
Material:	Newport NB321/3K70P carbon cloth								Shear, 13-axis C/Ep Newport NB321/3K70P [0_f/90_f/0_f/90_f/0_f/90_f/0_f/90_f/0_f]				
Resin content:	39 - 44 wt. %								Comp. density:	1.47 - 1.50 g/cc			
Fiber volume:	46 - 51 %								Void content:	0.4 - 2.1 %			
Ply thickness:	0.0078 - 0.0089 in.												
Ply range:	9 ply												
Test method:	D2344-89								Modulus calculation:	N/A			
Normalized by:	N/A												
	CTD		RTD		ETD		ETW						
Test Temperature [°F] Moisture Conditioning Equilibrium at T, RH Source code			70 dry as fabricated MCQXXXXA										
	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured			Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	
F_{13}^{su} (ksi)	Mean			8.77					Normalized	Measured	Normalized	Measured	
	Minimum			7.55									
	Maximum			10.48									
	C.V. (%)			10.17									
	B-value			7.16									
	A-value			5.99									
	No. Specimens			28									
	No. Prepreg Lots			3									

Note(s):

These values represent the *apparent* interlaminar shear properties and are to be used for quality control purposes *only*. Do not use these values for interlaminar shear strength design values.

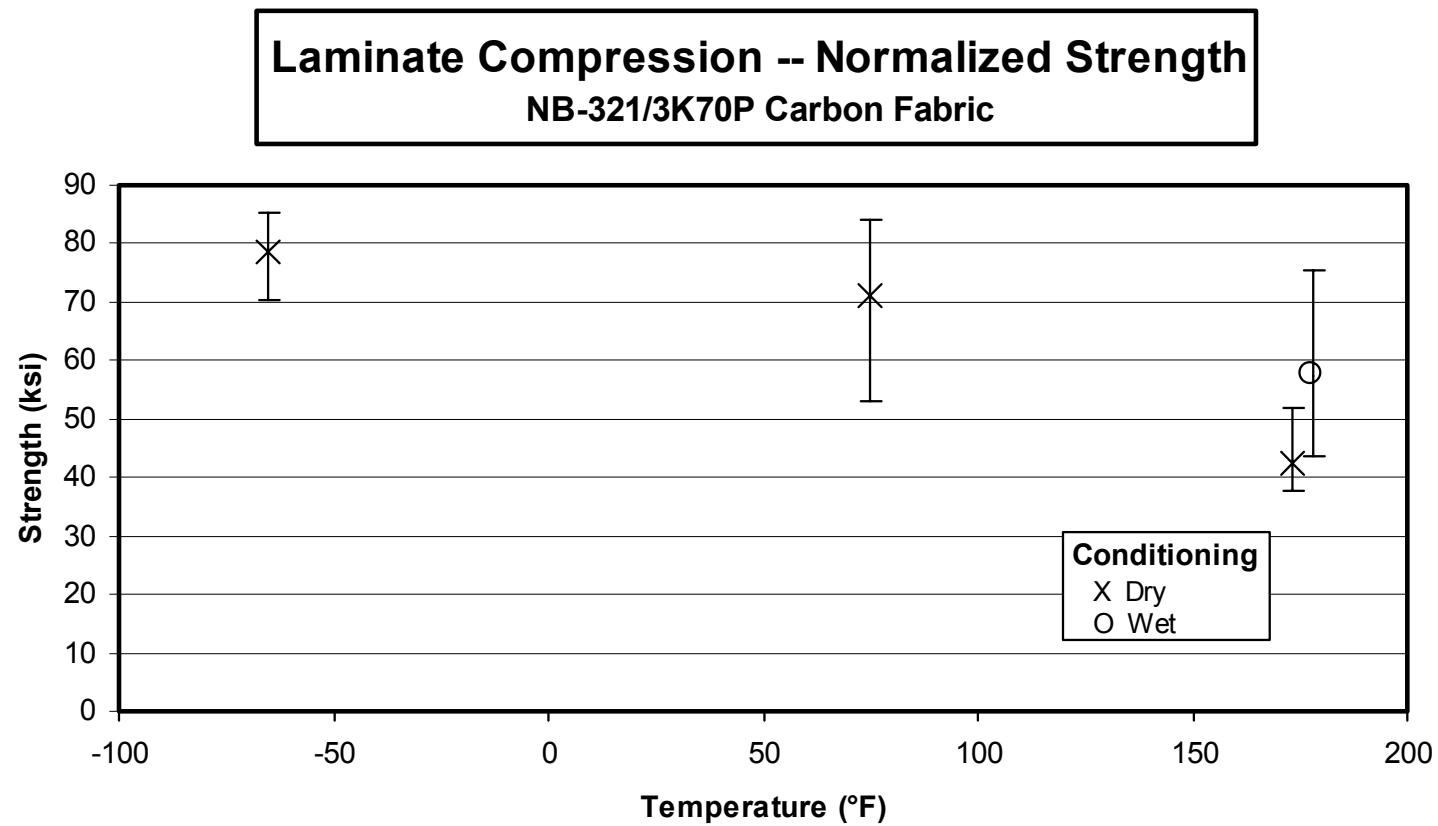
3.1.3 Individual Test Charts

3.1.3.1 Tension, Laminate



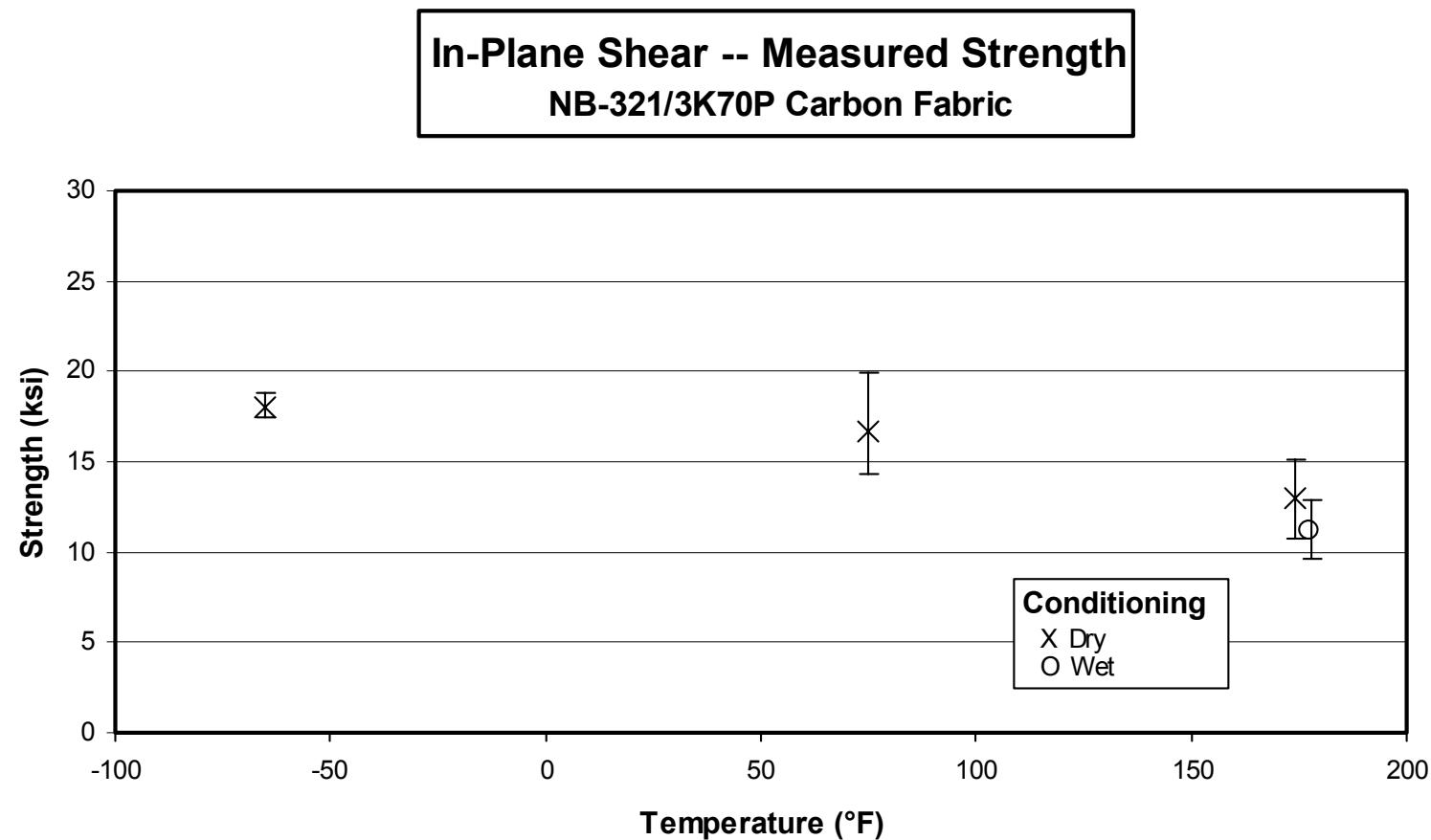
Note: The symbols represent the 'pooled' average of all tests, and the bars represent the upper & lower limit of the data.

3.1.3.2 Compression, Laminate



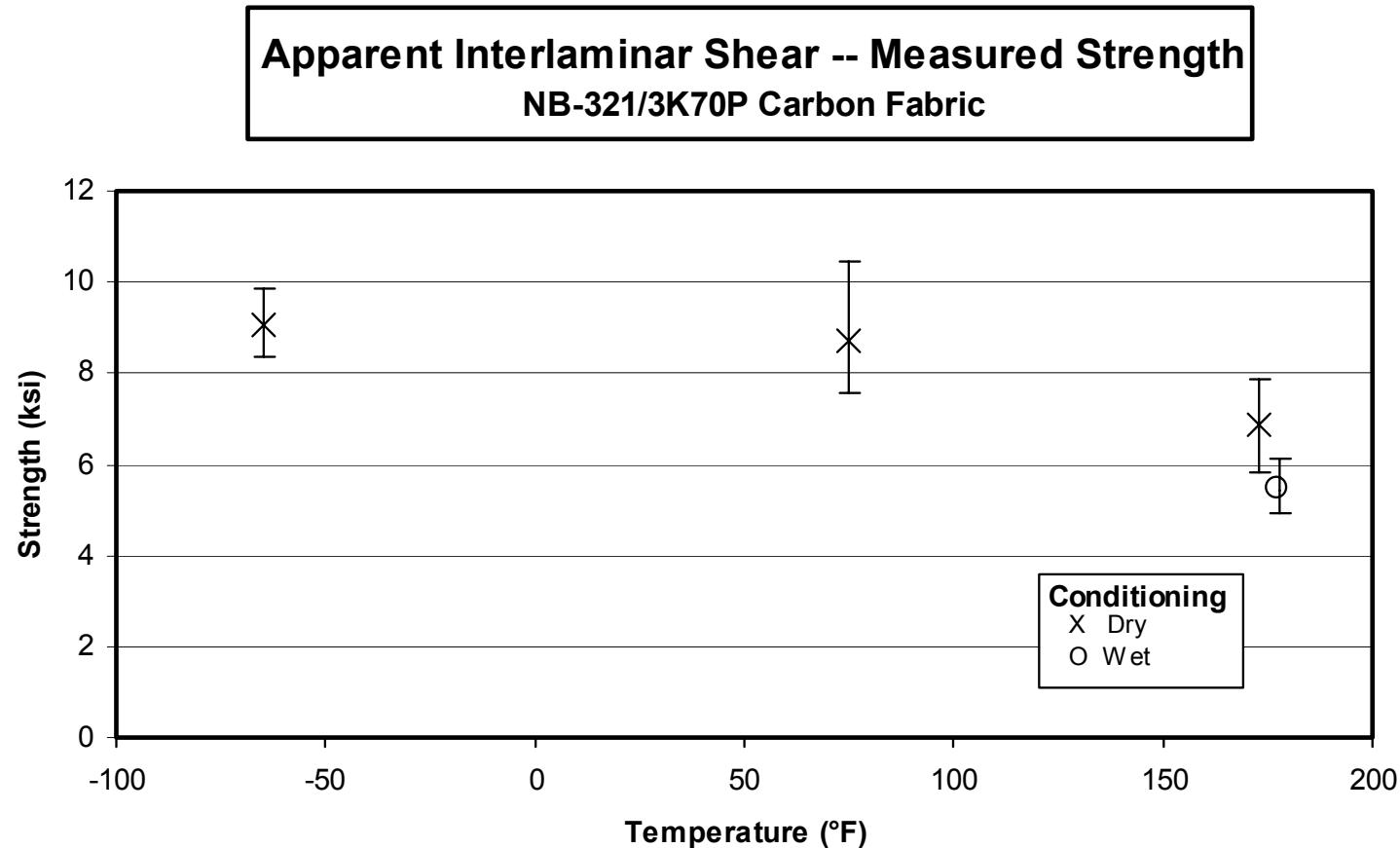
Note: The symbols represent the 'pooled' average of all tests, and the bars represent the upper & lower limit of the data. The 175° dry and wet data has been scattered for clarity.

3.1.3.3 Shear, 12 axis



Note: The symbols represent the 'pooled' average of all tests, and the bars represent the upper & lower limit of the data.
The 175° dry and wet data has been scattered for clarity.

3.1.3.4 Shear, 13 axis



Note: The symbols represent the 'pooled' average of all tests, and the bars represent the upper & lower limit of the data. The 175° dry and wet data has been scattered for clarity.

3.2 Raw Data

Specimen Naming Convention

Test coupons were identified using an eight-digit specimen code, with the significance of each digit delineated below. A representative sample ID is shown for reference purposes.

M C J 2 1 2 5 C

1st Character: Fabricator
'M' designates Lancair

2nd Character: Material System
'C' designates 3K70P / NB 321

3rd Character: Test Type
'J' designates Laminate Tension Strength and Modulus. Other test types will be clearly labeled at the top of each sheet.

4th Character: Prepreg Batch ID
See Table 2.1 for Newport Batch ID / Sample Batch ID correlation.

5th Character: Panel Number
The panel(s) fabricated for a specific test method.

6th Character: Subpanel Number
The sub-panel(s) cut from each panel, with subpanel numbers labeled increasing from reference edge.

7th Character: Sample Number
The sample(s) cut from each subpanel, with sample numbers labeled increasing from reference edge.

8th Character: Test Condition
'A' --- RTD
'B' --- CTD
'C' --- ETW
'E' --- ETD
See Table 1.5.1 for condition parameters.

3.2.1 Raw Data Spreadsheets and Scatter Charts

Laminate Tension -- (RTD)
Strength & Modulus
 NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Poisson's Ratio	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate
MCJ13A1A	83.727			1	0.075	9
MCJ13A2A	88.705			1	0.079	9
MCJ11A3A	82.759			1	0.072	9
MCJ11A4A	91.042	8.681		1	0.073	9
MCJ11A5A	95.159	8.701		1	0.073	9
MCJ11A6A	93.550	8.856		1	0.073	9
MCJ11A7A	82.175	8.598		1	0.076	9
MCJ13A1B(A)**	87.864	8.220	0.057	1	0.076	9
MCJ22A1A	89.181	10.329		2	0.074	9
MCJ22A2A	72.403	10.502		2	0.074	9
MCJ22A3A	89.752	10.699		2	0.072	9
MCJ22A4A	73.380	10.195		2	0.075	9
MCJ23A1A	84.647			2	0.076	9
MCJ23A2A	90.255			2	0.074	9
MCJ23A6A	84.885	8.801	0.064	2	0.074	9
MCJ31A5A	98.780	10.835		3	0.072	9
MCJ32A6A	98.607	10.918		3	0.073	9
MCJ31A7A	93.749	10.890		3	0.072	9
MCJ33A1A	106.514			3	0.075	9
MCJ33A2A	98.973			3	0.075	9
MCJ33A3A	98.165			3	0.077	9
MCJ33A4A	94.544	8.407	0.052	3	0.077	9

normalizing t_{ply}

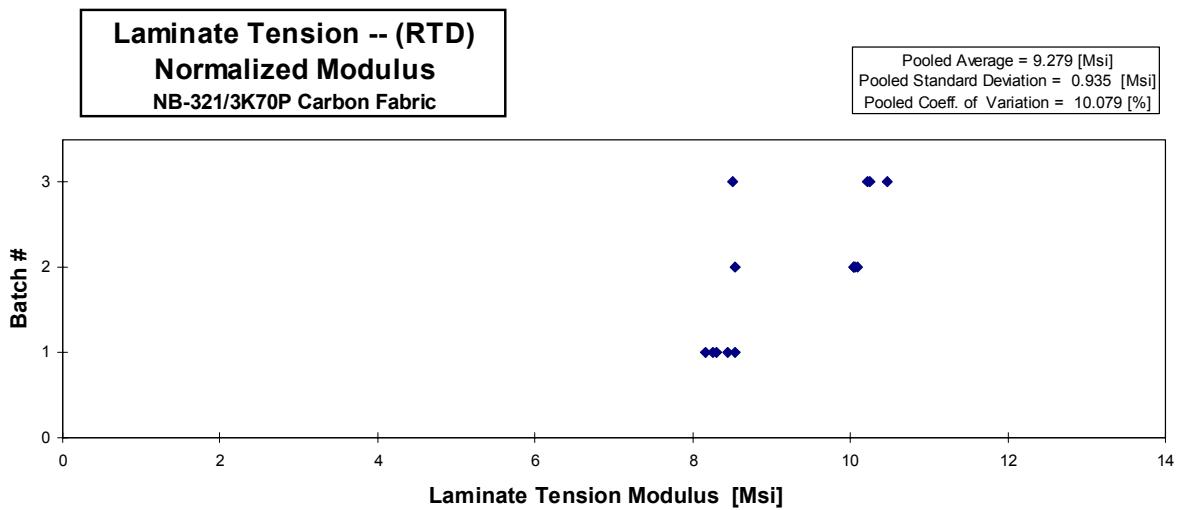
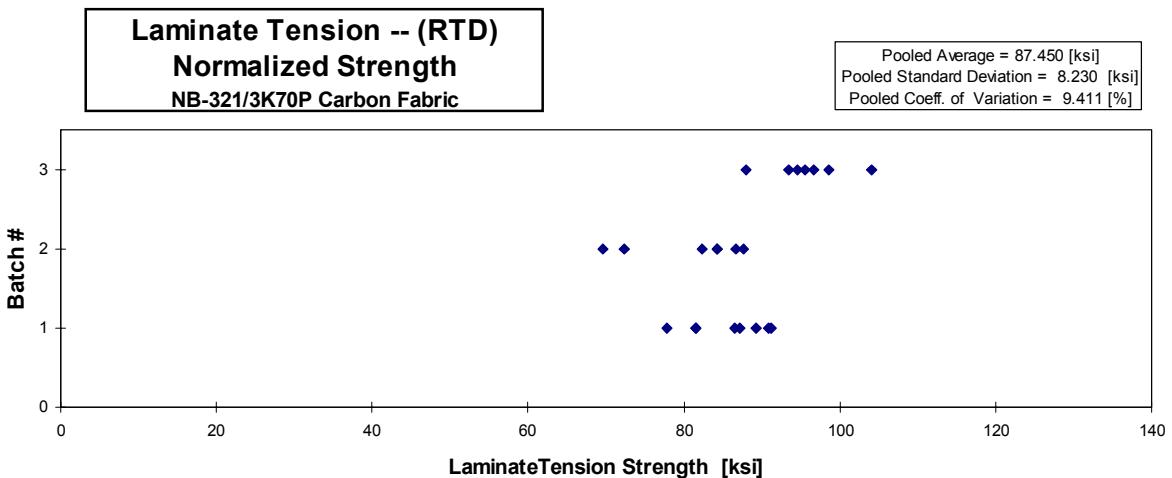
[in]
0.0085

Avg. t_{ply} [in]	Strength _{norm} [ksi]	Modulus _{norm} [Msi]
0.0083	81.575	
0.0087	91.198	
0.0080	77.819	
0.0081	86.500	8.248
0.0081	90.847	8.307
0.0081	89.189	8.444
0.0084	81.531	8.530
0.0084	87.197	8.158
0.0083	86.714	10.043
0.0082	69.627	10.099
0.0080	84.336	10.053
0.0084	72.325	10.049
0.0085	84.241	
0.0083	87.601	
0.0082	82.333	8.537
0.0080	93.507	10.256
0.0081	94.525	10.466
0.0080	87.948	10.216
0.0083	104.031	
0.0083	96.687	
0.0085	98.572	
0.0086	95.594	8.500

Average	89.946	9.617	0.058
Standard Dev.	8.300	1.074	0.006
Coeff. of Var. [%]	9.228	11.171	10.604
Min. Value	72.403	8.220	0.052
Max. Value	106.514	10.918	0.064
Number	22	14	3

Average _{norm}	0.00827	87.450	9.279
Standard Dev. _{norm}		8.230	0.935
Coeff. of Var. [%] _{norm}		9.411	10.079
Min. Value _{norm}	0.0080	69.627	8.158
Max. Value _{norm}	0.0087	104.031	10.466
Number _{norm}		22	14

** NOTE: This sample was an extra from CTD testing and is identical to the other samples in every way except for the 'B' suffix.



Laminate Tension -- (CTD)
Strength & Modulus
NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

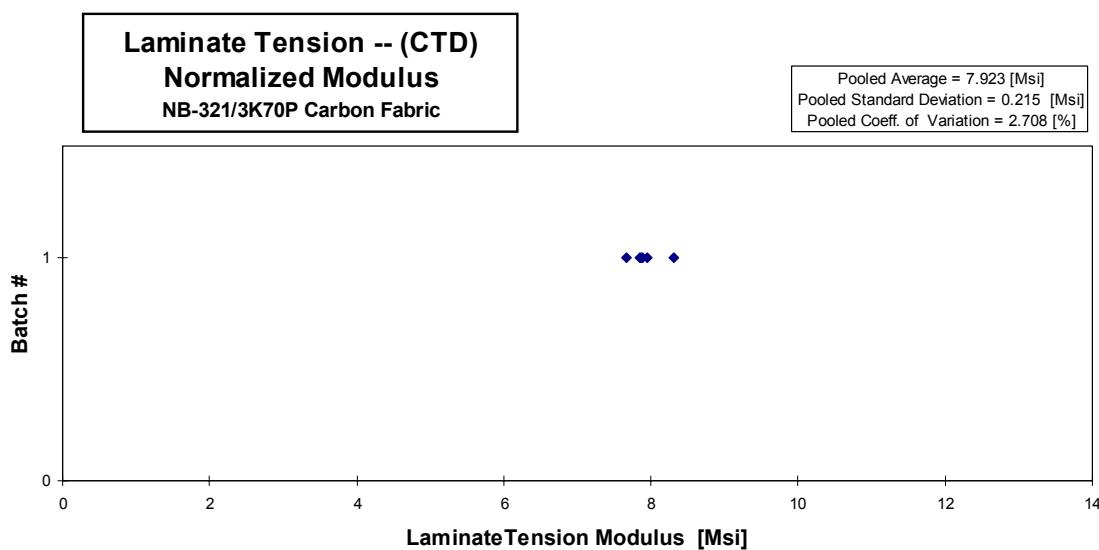
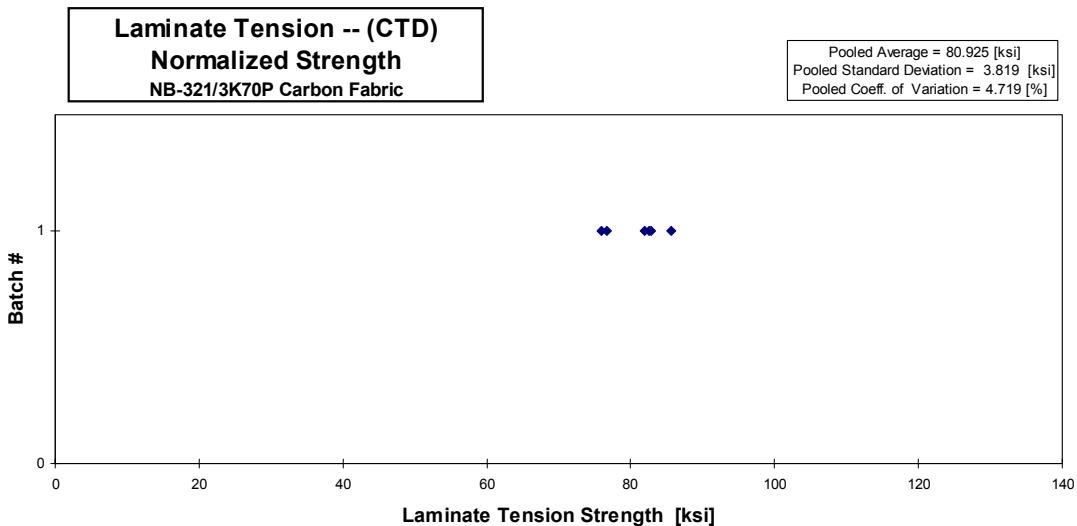
Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate
MCJ11A1B	90.087	8.260	1	0.073	9
MCJ11A2B	87.394	8.411	1	0.072	9
MCJ13A3B	84.555	7.826	1	0.075	9
MCJ13A4B	80.302	7.735	1	0.078	9
MCJ13A5B	79.436	8.227	1	0.073	9
MCJ13A2B	77.919	8.453	1	0.075	9

normalizing t_{ply}
[in]
0.0085

Avg. t_{ply} [in]	Strength _{norm} [ksi]	Modulus _{norm} [Msi]
0.0081	85.691	7.857
0.0080	82.539	7.944
0.0083	82.842	7.667
0.0087	81.876	7.887
0.0081	75.940	7.865
0.0084	76.663	8.317

Average	83.282	8.152
Standard Dev.	4.843	0.302
Coeff. of Var. [%]	5.815	3.702
Min. Value	77.919	7.735
Max. Value	90.087	8.453
Number	6	6

Average _{norm}	0.00827	80.925	7.923
Standard Dev. _{norm}		3.819	0.215
Coeff. of Var. [%] _{norm}		4.719	2.708
Min. Value _{norm}	0.0080	75.940	7.667
Max. Value _{norm}	0.0087	85.691	8.317
Number _{norm}		6	6



Laminate Tension -- (ETW)
Strength & Modulus
NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate
MCJ1111C	85.345		1	0.072	9
MCJ1112C	77.861		1	0.075	9
MCJ1113C	81.233	8.579	1	0.073	9
MCJ1114C	80.529	8.648	1	0.074	9
MCJ1115C	81.521		1	0.072	9
MCJ1116C	80.704		1	0.072	9
MCJ2111C	85.565		2	0.074	9
MCJ2112C	83.855		2	0.074	9
MCJ2113C	78.638	8.576	2	0.074	9
MCJ2114C	89.899	8.972	2	0.072	9
MCJ2115C	75.232	8.520	2	0.076	9
MCJ2116C	86.571		2	0.073	9
MCJ2117C	87.158		2	0.073	9
MCJ3211C	79.424		3	0.075	9
MCJ3212C	80.130		3	0.075	9
MCJ3213C	53.539		3	0.075	9
MCJ3214C	61.308	7.528	3	0.076	9
MCJ3215C	59.219	7.990	3	0.076	9
MCJ3111C	76.959		3	0.075	9
MCJ3112C	59.350	7.772	3	0.074	9
MCJ3113C	57.740	8.943	3	0.074	9
MCJ3114C	79.164		3	0.075	9

normalizing t_{ply}

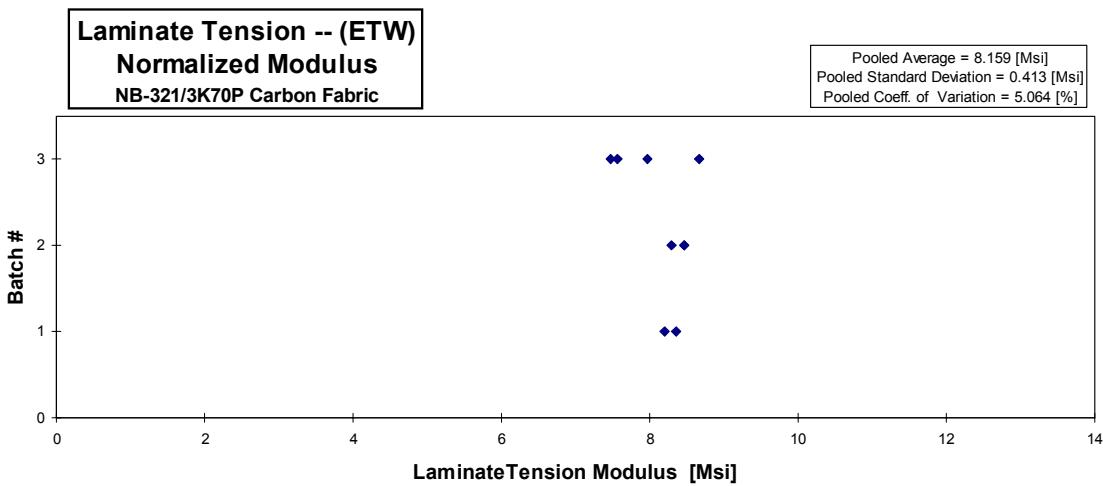
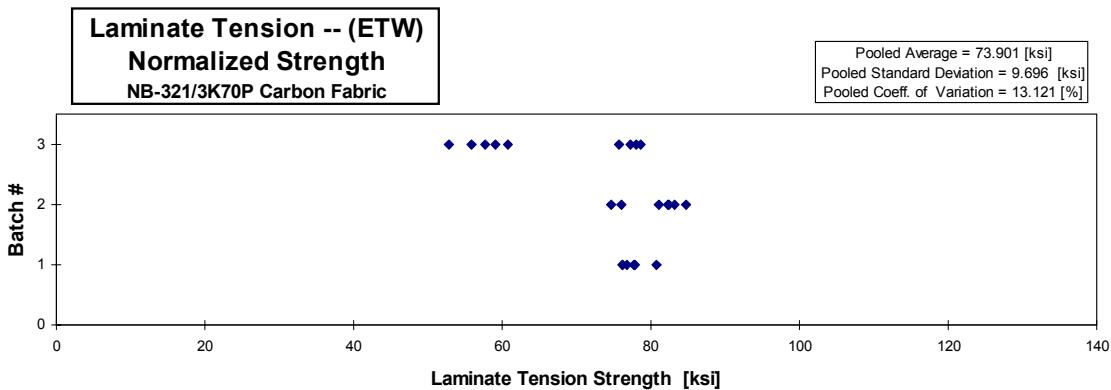
[in]

0.0085

Avg. t_{ply} [in]	Strength _{norm} [ksi]	Modulus _{norm} [Msi]
0.0080	80.808	
0.0083	76.181	
0.0081	77.675	8.203
0.0082	77.810	8.356
0.0080	76.744	
0.0080	76.185	
0.0082	82.265	
0.0082	81.005	
0.0082	76.051	8.294
0.0080	84.767	8.460
0.0084	74.707	8.461
0.0081	82.459	
0.0081	83.208	
0.0084	78.040	
0.0083	78.611	
0.0084	52.816	
0.0084	60.800	7.466
0.0085	59.012	7.962
0.0084	75.719	
0.0083	57.772	7.566
0.0082	55.928	8.663
0.0083	77.267	

Average	76.406	8.392
Standard Dev.	10.757	0.510
Coeff. of Var. [%]	14.079	6.081
Min. Value	53.539	7.528
Max. Value	89.899	8.972
Number	22	9

Average _{norm}	0.00823	73.901	8.159
Standard Dev. _{norm}		9.696	0.413
Coeff. of Var. [%] _{norm}		13.121	5.064
Min. Value _{norm}	0.0080	52.816	7.466
Max. Value _{norm}	0.0085	84.767	8.663
Number _{norm}	22	9	



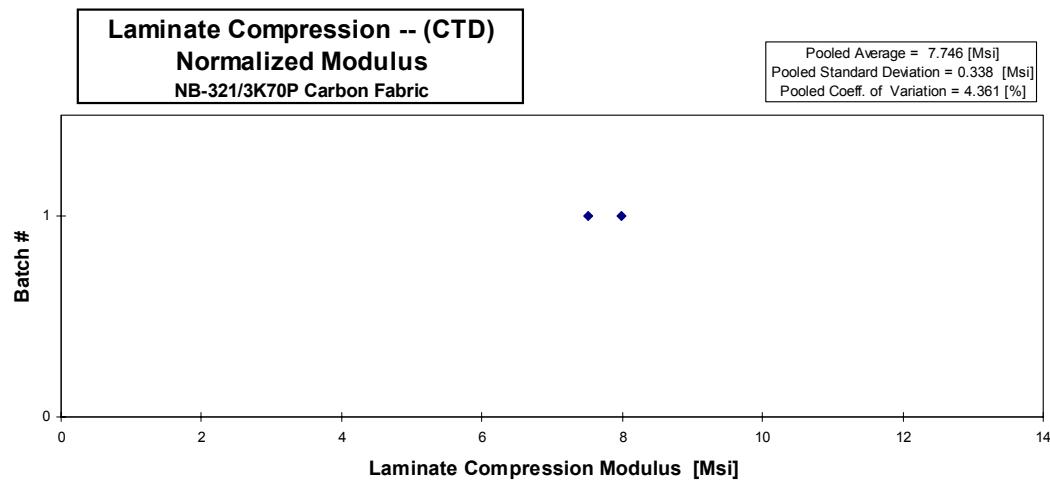
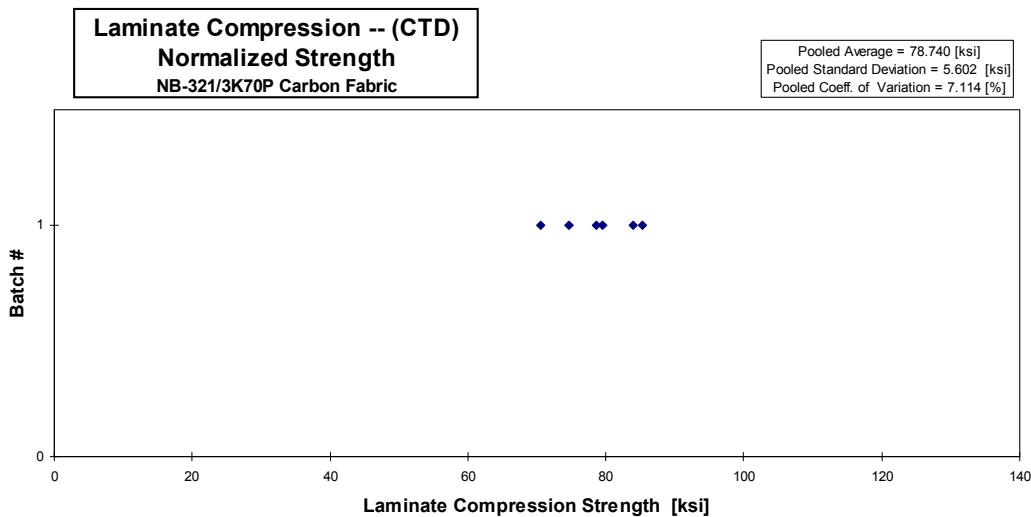
Laminate Compression -- (CTD)
Strength & Modulus
NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate
MCK12A1B	74.521		1	0.108	12
MCK12A2B	76.159		1	0.107	12
MCK12A3B	69.337		1	0.110	12
MCK12A4B	78.436		1	0.109	12
MCK12A5B	68.456		1	0.105	12
MCK12A6B	81.119		1	0.107	12
MCK15A4B		7.594	1	0.107	12
MCK15A5B		7.058	1	0.109	12

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]
MCK12A1B	78.539	
MCK12A2B	79.519	
MCK12A3B	74.606	
MCK12A4B	84.011	
MCK12A5B	70.469	
MCK12A6B	85.294	
MCK15A4B	7.985	
MCK15A5B	7.507	

Average	74.671	7.326
Standard Dev.	5.001	0.379
Coeff. of Var. [%]	6.698	5.179
Min. Value	68.456	7.058
Max. Value	81.119	7.594
Number	6	2

Average _{norm}	0.00897	78.740	7.746
Standard Dev. _{norm}		5.602	0.338
Coeff. of Var. [%] _{norm}		7.114	4.361
Min. Value _{norm}	0.0088	70.469	7.507
Max. Value _{norm}	0.0091	85.294	7.985
Number _{norm}		6	2



**Laminate Compression -- (ETW)
 Strength & Modulus
 NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric**

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate
MCK11A1C	44.302		1	0.107	12
MCK11A2C	49.556		1	0.103	12
MCK11A3C	47.402		1	0.100	12
MCK11A4C	50.888		1	0.102	12
MCK11A5C	56.347		1	0.100	12
MCK11A6C	52.946		1	0.102	12
MCK15A8C		8.238	1	0.107	12
MCK15A9C		8.048	1	0.108	12
MCK2711C	59.960		2	0.105	12
MCK2712C	57.027		2	0.105	12
MCK2713C	52.883		2	0.104	12
MCK2714C	56.504		2	0.106	12
MCK2715C	57.538		2	0.105	12
MCK2716C	51.672		2	0.105	12
MCK2717C	55.546		2	0.107	12
MCK2718C	58.475		2	0.105	12
MCK2719C	58.014		2	0.104	12
MCK26A1C		8.293	2	0.105	12
MCK26A2C		8.292	2	0.104	12
MCK32A1C	71.220		3	0.108	12
MCK32A2C	69.668		3	0.106	12
MCK32A3C	58.346		3	0.107	12
MCK32A4C	58.501		3	0.107	12
MCK32A5C	42.064		3	0.106	12
MCK32A6C	49.243		3	0.104	12
MCK32A7C	60.127		3	0.103	12
MCK32A8C	64.612		3	0.109	12
MCK35A2C		7.574	3	0.105	12
MCK35A3C		8.379	3	0.105	12

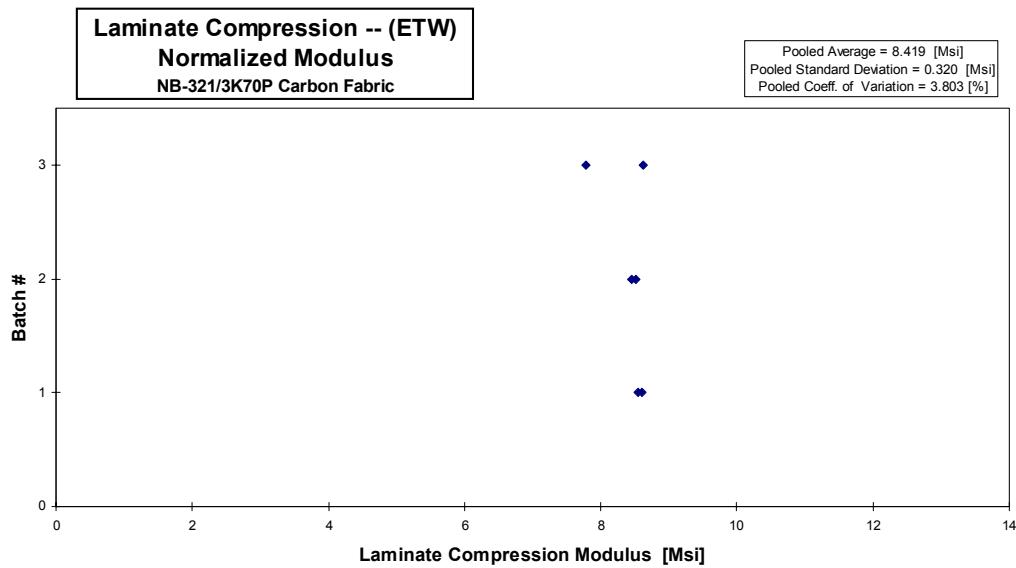
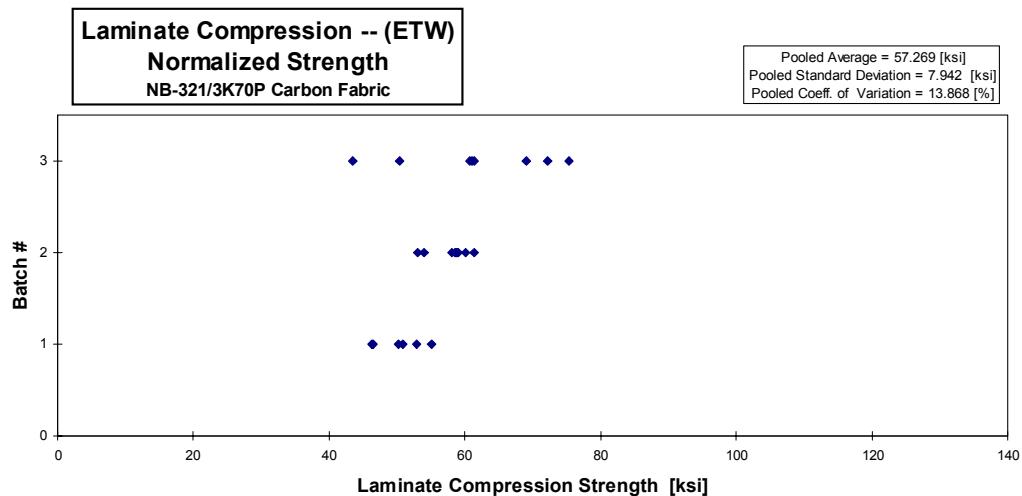
normalizing t_{ply}

[in]
 0.0085

Avg. t_{ply} [in]	Strength _{norm} [ksi]	Modulus _{norm} [Msi]
0.0089	46.474	
0.0086	50.163	
0.0083	46.240	
0.0085	50.888	
0.0083	55.104	
0.0085	52.946	
0.0089		8.602
0.0090		8.542
0.0087	61.430	
0.0087	58.564	
0.0087	54.050	
0.0088	58.720	
0.0087	58.948	
0.0087	53.065	
0.0089	57.997	
0.0087	60.052	
0.0086	58.867	
0.0087		8.516
0.0087		8.454
0.0090	75.410	
0.0088	72.229	
0.0089	61.063	
0.0089	61.369	
0.0088	43.507	
0.0087	50.329	
0.0086	60.716	
0.0091	69.046	
0.0087		7.778
0.0088		8.625

Average	55.776	8.137
Standard Dev.	7.091	0.297
Coeff. of Var. [%]	12.713	3.653
Min. Value	42.064	7.574
Max. Value	71.220	8.379
Number	23	6

Average _{norm}	0.00873	57.269	8.419
Standard Dev. _{norm}		7.942	0.320
Coeff. of Var. [%] _{norm}		13.868	3.803
Min. Value _{norm}	0.0083	43.507	7.778
Max. Value _{norm}	0.0091	75.410	8.625
Number _{norm}		23	6



**Laminate Compression -- (ETD)
 Strength
 NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric**

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate
MCK11A1E	41.850	1	0.102	12
MCK11A2E	45.631	1	0.102	12
MCK11A3E	42.780	1	0.101	12
MCK11A4E	40.052	1	0.103	12
MCK11A5E	36.290	1	0.107	12
MCK11A6E	37.628	1	0.109	12
MCK2721E	45.714	2	0.104	12
MCK2722E	44.121	2	0.105	12
MCK2723E	48.065	2	0.105	12
MCK2724E	46.007	2	0.105	12
MCK2725E	50.299	2	0.106	12
MCK2726E	40.574	2	0.106	12
MCK32A1E	39.485	3	0.104	12
MCK32A2E	37.924	3	0.102	12
MCK32A3E	38.732	3	0.103	12
MCK32A4E	39.810	3	0.103	12
MCK32A5E	39.464	3	0.102	12
MCK32A6E	37.565	3	0.104	12

normalizing t_{ply}

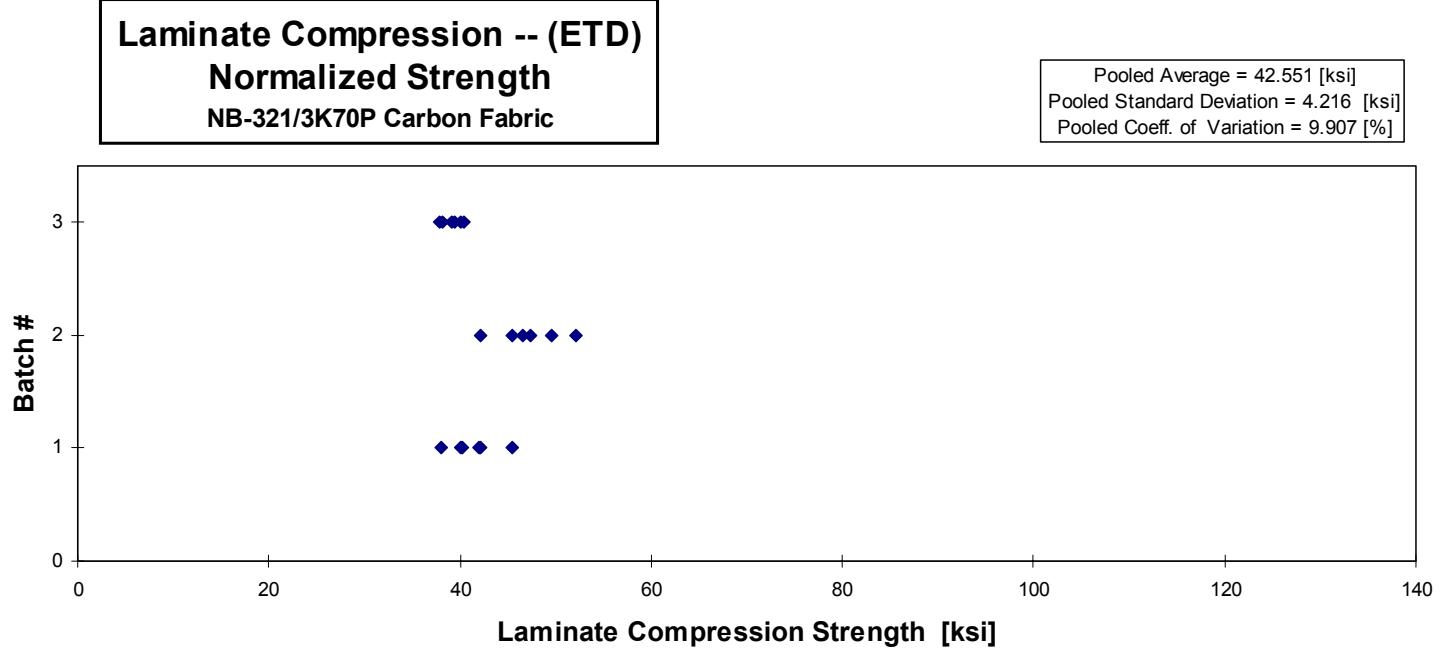
[in]

0.0085

Avg. t_{ply} [in]	Strength _{norm} [ksi]
0.0085	41.953
0.0085	45.407
0.0084	42.151
0.0085	40.249
0.0089	37.980
0.0091	40.118
0.0087	46.611
0.0088	45.418
0.0088	49.596
0.0088	47.360
0.0088	52.025
0.0088	42.066
0.0087	40.356
0.0085	37.924
0.0086	39.111
0.0086	40.103
0.0085	39.367
0.0086	38.117

Average 41.777
 Standard Dev. 4.022
 Coeff. of Var. [%] 9.627
 Min. Value 36.290
 Max. Value 50.299
 Number 18

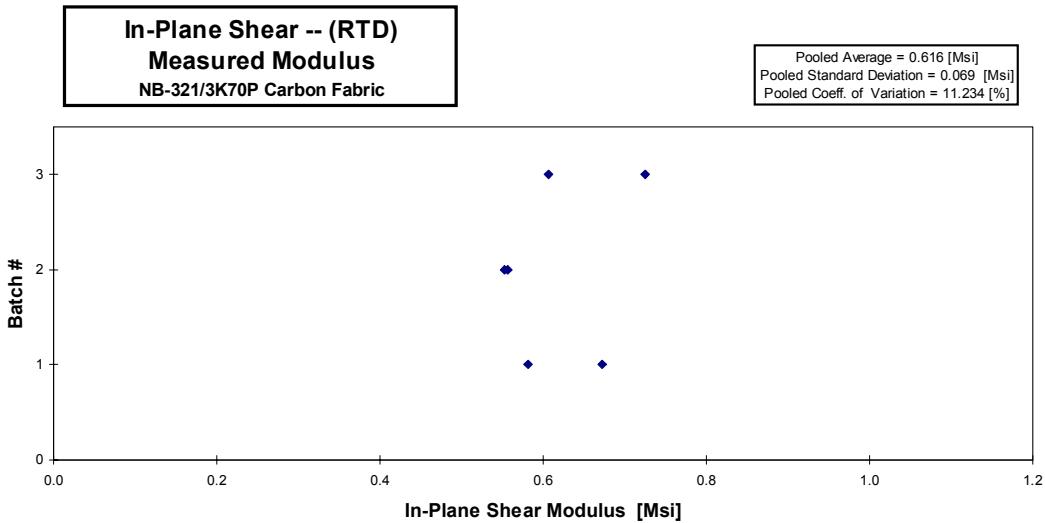
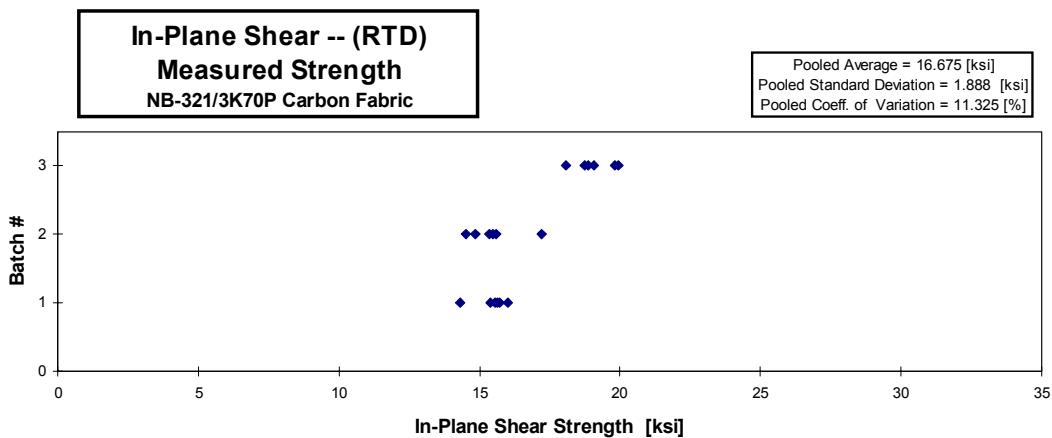
Average_{norm} 0.00866
 Standard Dev._{norm}
 Coeff. of Var. [%]_{norm}
 Min. Value_{norm} 0.0084
 Max. Value_{norm} 0.0091
 Number_{norm} 18



In-Plane Shear -- (RTD)
Strength & Modulus
NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate	Avg. t_{ply} [in]
MCN12A1A	15.404		1	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN12A2A	15.538		1	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN12A3A	15.729		1	0.082	10	0.0082
MCN12A4A	16.020	0.672	1	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN12A5A	15.628		1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN12A6A	14.325	0.582	1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN21A1A	17.227		2	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN21A2A	14.864		2	0.082	10	0.0082
MCN21A3A	15.356		2	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN21A4A	15.588		2	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN21A5A	15.476	0.552	2	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN21A6A	14.511	0.557	2	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN34A1A	18.741		3	0.087	10	0.0087
MCN24A2A	18.077		3	0.088	10	0.0088
MCN34A3A	18.847		3	0.088	10	0.0088
MCN34A4A	19.083	0.725	3	0.088	10	0.0088
MCN34A5A	19.937		3	0.090	10	0.0090
MCN34A6A	19.797	0.607	3	0.087	10	0.0087

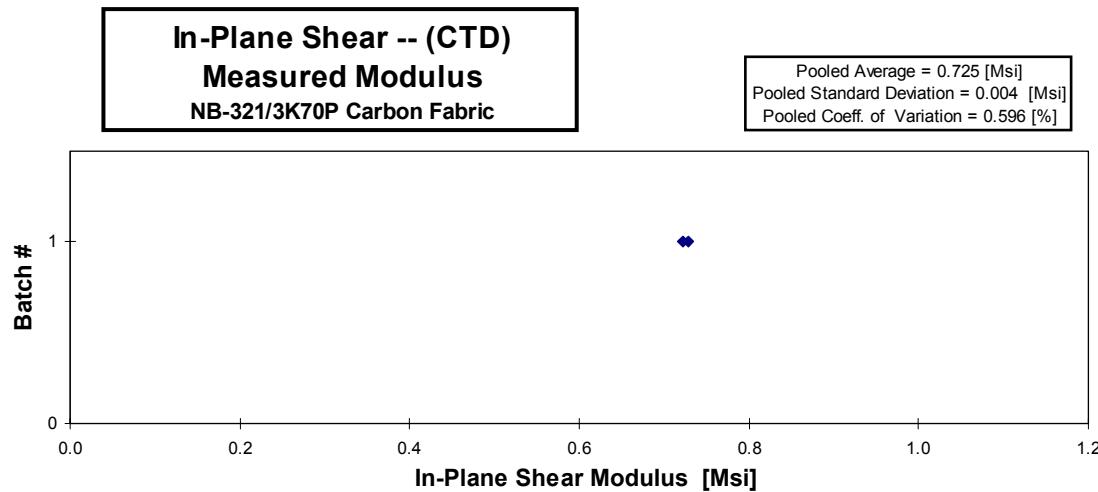
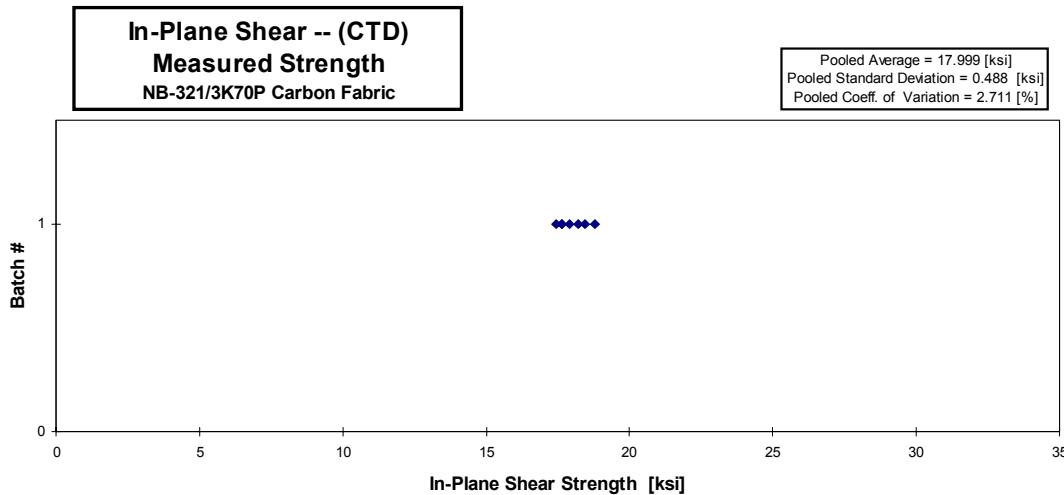
Average	16.675	0.616		
Standard Dev.	1.888	0.069		
Coeff. of Var. [%]	11.325	11.234		
Min.	14.325	0.552	Min.	0.0082
Max.	19.937	0.725	Max.	0.0090
Number of Spec.	18	6		



In-Plane Shear -- (CTD)
Strength & Modulus
NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate	Avg. t_{ply} [in]
MCN14A1B	17.441		1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN14A2B	18.205		1	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN14A3B	18.773		1	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN14A4B	18.431		1	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN14A5B	17.617		1	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN14A6B	17.895	0.728	1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN14A8B	17.634	0.722	1	0.084	10	0.0084

Average	17.999	0.725			
Standard Dev.	0.488	0.004			
Coeff. of Var. [%]	2.711	0.596			
Min.	17.441	0.722		Min.	0.0083
Max.	18.773	0.728		Max.	0.0085
Number of Spec.	7	2			



In-Plane Shear -- (ETW)

Strength & Modulus

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Modulus [Msi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate	Avg. t_{ply} [in]
MCN11A1C	9.630		1	0.089	10	0.0089
MCN11A2C	10.415		1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN11A3C	10.062		1	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN11A4C	9.740		1	0.087	10	0.0087
MCN11A5C	9.979	0.477	1	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN11A6C	10.128	0.509	1	0.087	10	0.0087
MCN23A1C	10.458		2	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN23A2C	10.924	0.379	2	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN23A3C	10.461	0.319	2	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN21A4C	10.984		2	0.087	10	0.0087
MCN21A5C	11.570		2	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN23A6C	10.787		2	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN32A1C	12.519	0.394	3	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN32A2C	12.434	0.502	3	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN32A3C	12.840		3	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN32A4C	12.259		3	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN32A5C	11.891		3	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN32A6C	11.922		3	0.084	10	0.0084

Average 11.056 0.430

Standard Dev. 1.040 0.077

Coeff. of Var. [%] 9.403 17.973

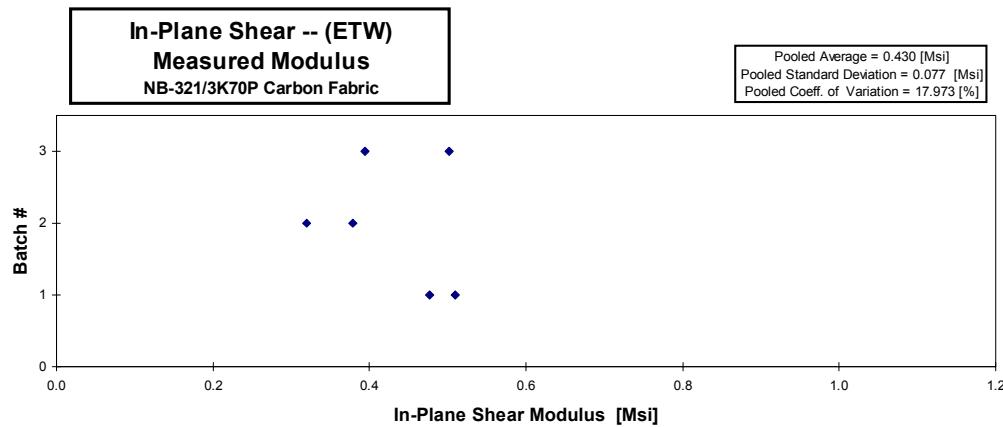
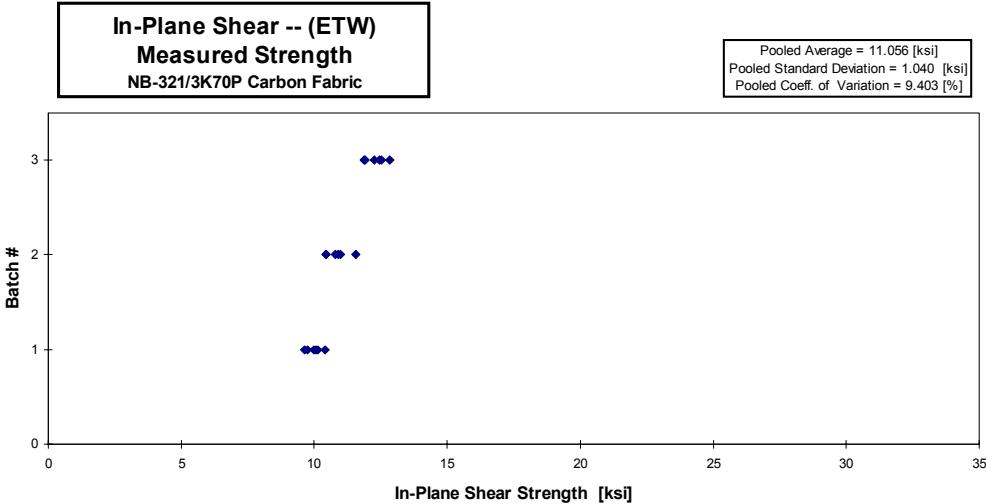
Min. 9.630 0.319

Max. 12.840 0.509

Number of Spec. 18 6

Min. 0.0083

Max. 0.0089



In-Plane Shear -- (ETD)

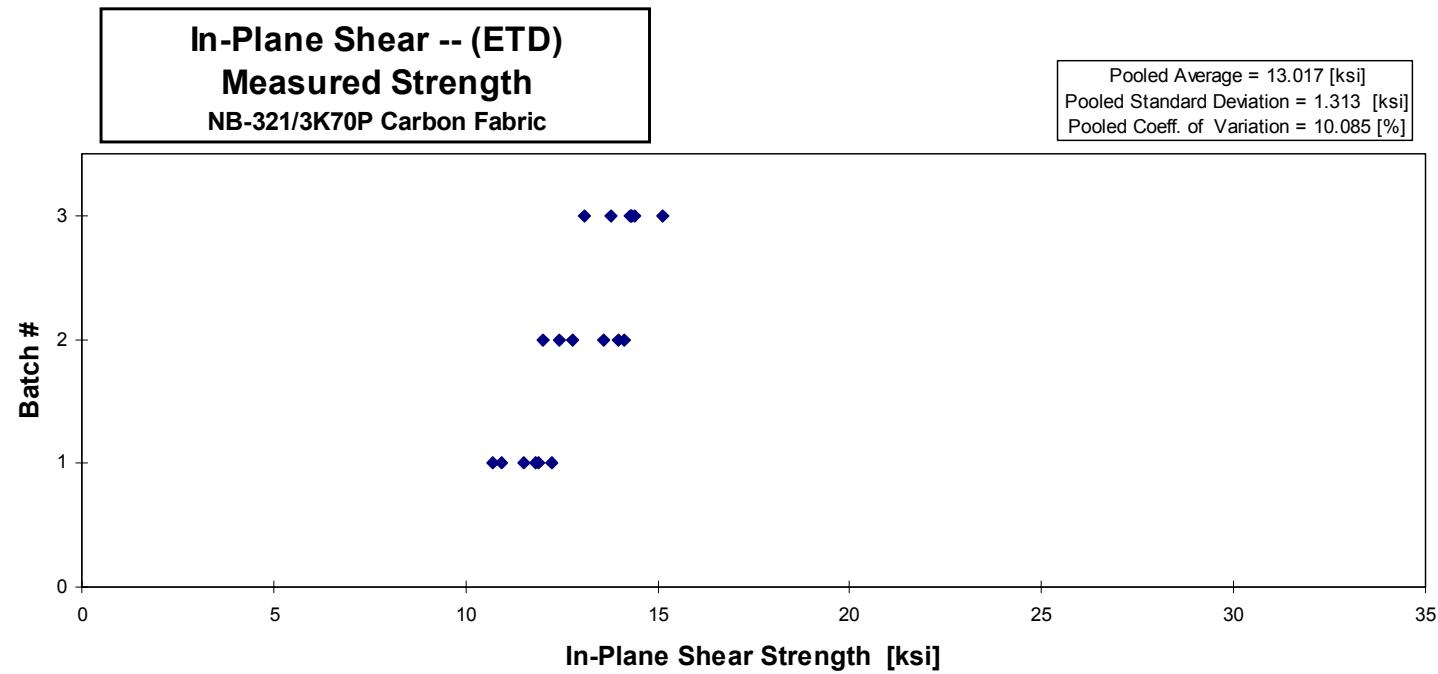
Strength

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate	Avg. t_{ply} [in]
MCN11A1E	12.229	1	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN11A2E	11.913	1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN11A3E	11.827	1	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN12A4E	11.496	1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN12A5E	10.720	1	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN12A6E	10.932	1	0.080	10	0.0080
MCN21A1E	14.130	2	0.083	10	0.0083
MCN23A2E	12.776	2	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN23A3E	13.970	2	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN23A4E	13.608	2	0.088	10	0.0088
MCN23A5E	12.428	2	0.087	10	0.0087
MCN23A6E	12.003	2	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN32A1E	14.325	3	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN32A2E	14.275	3	0.084	10	0.0084
MCN32A3E	13.773	3	0.085	10	0.0085
MCN32A4E	14.391	3	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN32A5E	13.078	3	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN32A6E	15.125	3	0.086	10	0.0086
MCN32A7E	14.321	3	0.084	10	0.0084

Average 13.017
Standard Dev. 1.313
Coeff. of Var. [%] 10.085
Min. 10.720
Max. 15.125
Number 19

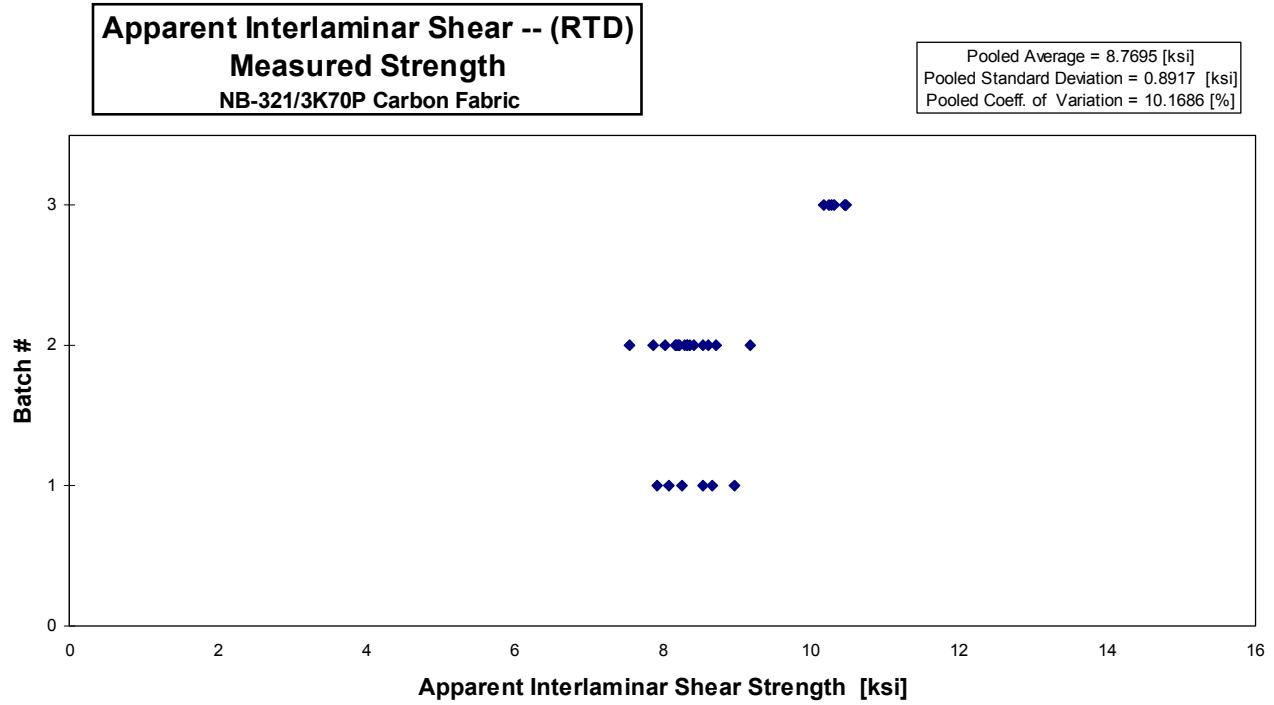
Min. 0.0080
Max. 0.0088



Apparent Interlaminar Shear -- (RTD)					
Strength					
NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric					

Specimen Number	Strength [ksi]	Batch Number	Avg. Specimen Thickn. [in]	# Plies in Laminate	Avg. t_{ply} [in]
MCQ11A1A	8.6718	1	0.075	9	0.0084
MCQ11A2A	7.9250	1	0.074	9	0.0082
MCQ11A3A	8.9699	1	0.072	9	0.0080
MCQ11A4A	8.0827	1	0.076	9	0.0084
MCQ11A5A	8.2574	1	0.075	9	0.0083
MCQ11A6A	8.5415	1	0.074	9	0.0082
MCQ21A1A	8.3285	2	0.072	9	0.0080
MCQ21A2A	8.7270	2	0.074	9	0.0082
MCQ21A3A	9.1801	2	0.076	9	0.0085
MCQ21A4A	8.2921	2	0.077	9	0.0085
MCQ21A5A	8.5436	2	0.076	9	0.0085
MCQ21A6A	8.6127	2	0.073	9	0.0082
MCQ22A1A	8.2076	2	0.077	9	0.0085
MCQ22A2A	8.4197	2	0.075	9	0.0083
MCQ22A3A	8.1683	2	0.079	9	0.0088
MCQ22A4A	8.3426	2	0.078	9	0.0086
MCQ22A5A	8.0442	2	0.078	9	0.0087
MCQ22A6A	8.3767	2	0.076	9	0.0085
MCQ22A7A	7.8824	2	0.075	9	0.0083
MCQ22A8A	8.1974	2	0.074	9	0.0082
MCQ22A9A	7.5522	2	0.077	9	0.0086
MCQ22AAA	8.2344	2	0.076	9	0.0084
MCQ31A1A	10.1817	3	0.079	9	0.0088
MCQ31A2A	10.3199	3	0.079	9	0.0088
MCQ31A3A	10.4656	3	0.077	9	0.0086
MCQ31A4A	10.2523	3	0.078	9	0.0087
MCQ31A5A	10.2889	3	0.079	9	0.0088
MCQ31A6A	10.4803	3	0.077	9	0.0086

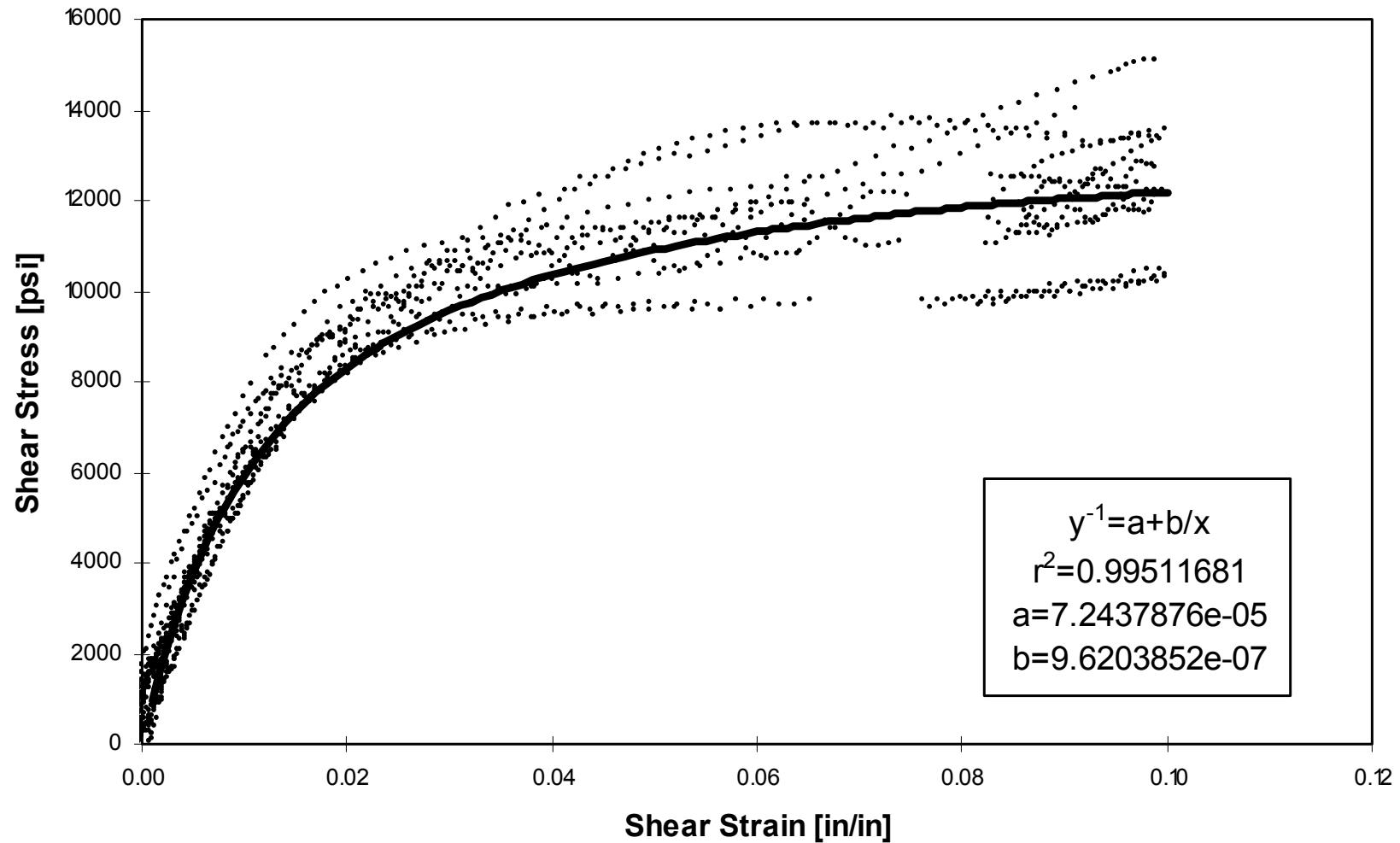
Average	8.770
Standard Dev.	0.892
Coeff. of Var. [%]	10.169
Min.	7.552
Max.	10.480
Number	28
Min.	0.0080
Max.	0.0088



3.2.2 Representative Stress-Strain Curve

The following stress-strain curve is representative of the 3K70P / NB 321 prepreg system. The tension and compression stress-strain curves are not presented in graphical form. If strain design allowables from these tests are required, simple one-dimensional linear stress-strain relationships may be used to obtain corresponding strain design values. This process should approximate tensile and compressive strain behavior relatively well but may produce extremely conservative strain values in shear due to the nonlinear behavior. A more realistic approach for shear strain design allowables is to use a maximum strain value of 5% (reference MIL-HDBK-17-1E, section 5.7.6). If a nonlinear analysis of the material's shear behavior is required, the curve-fit of the shear stress-strain curve may be used. The representative shear stress-strain curve was obtained by taking the average of all the sample shear curves and determining the best-fit line through the data. The actual data points also presented on the chart to demonstrate material variability.

Shear Stress vs. Shear Strain, RTD

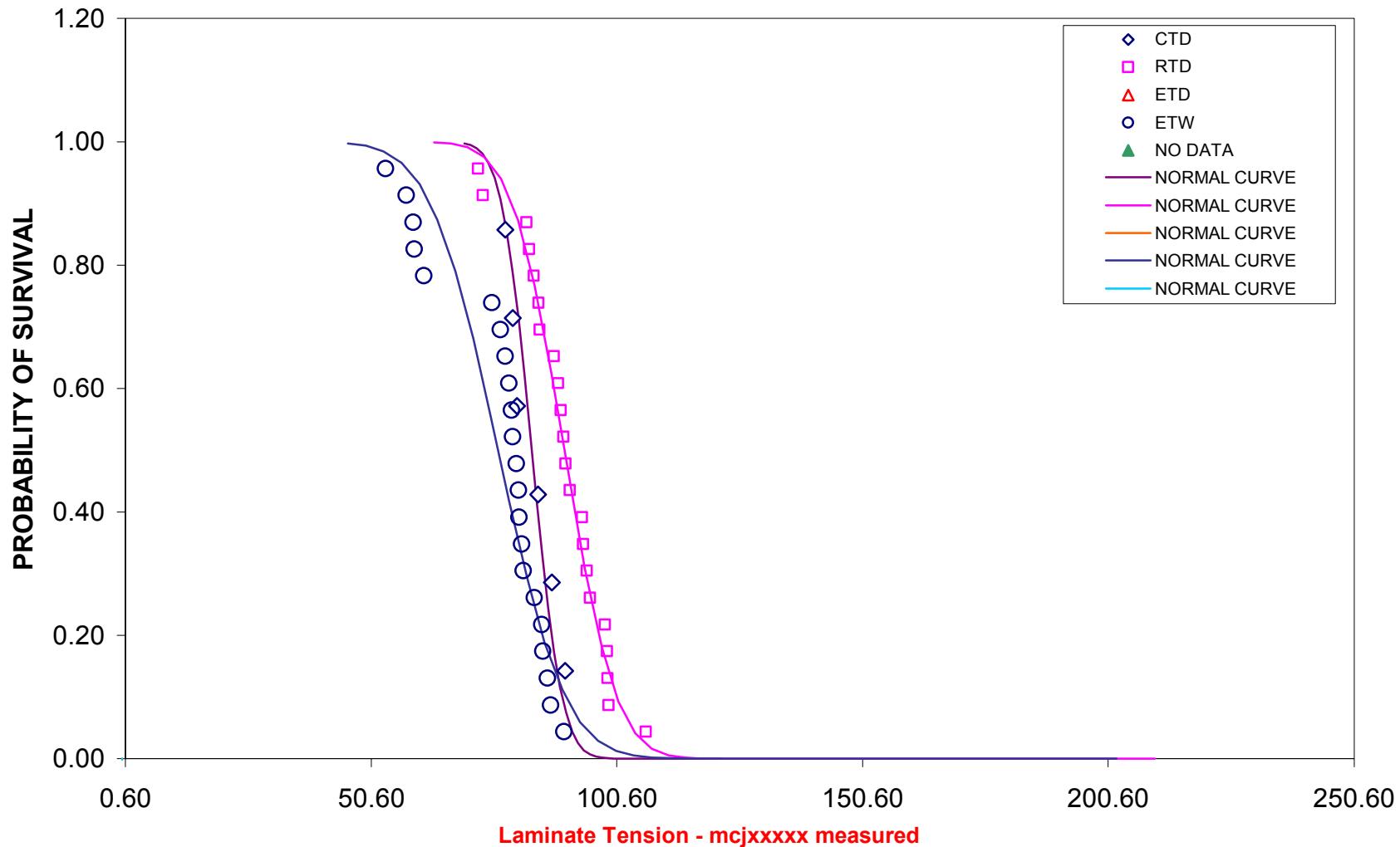


3.3 Statistical Results

3.3.1 Plot by Condition

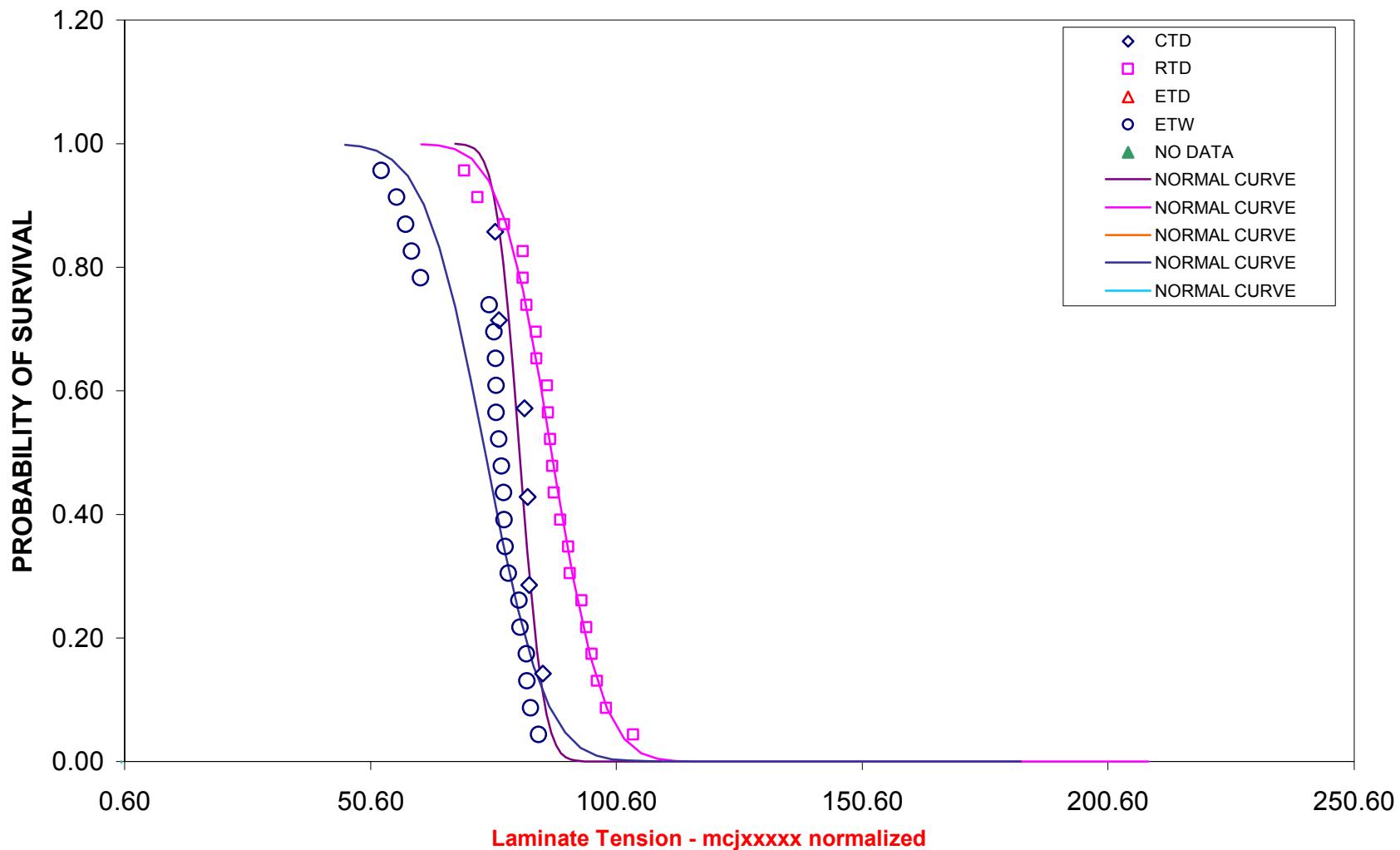
DISTRIBUTION OF GROUPED DATA FOR DIFFERENT TEST CONDITIONS

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric
Lancair



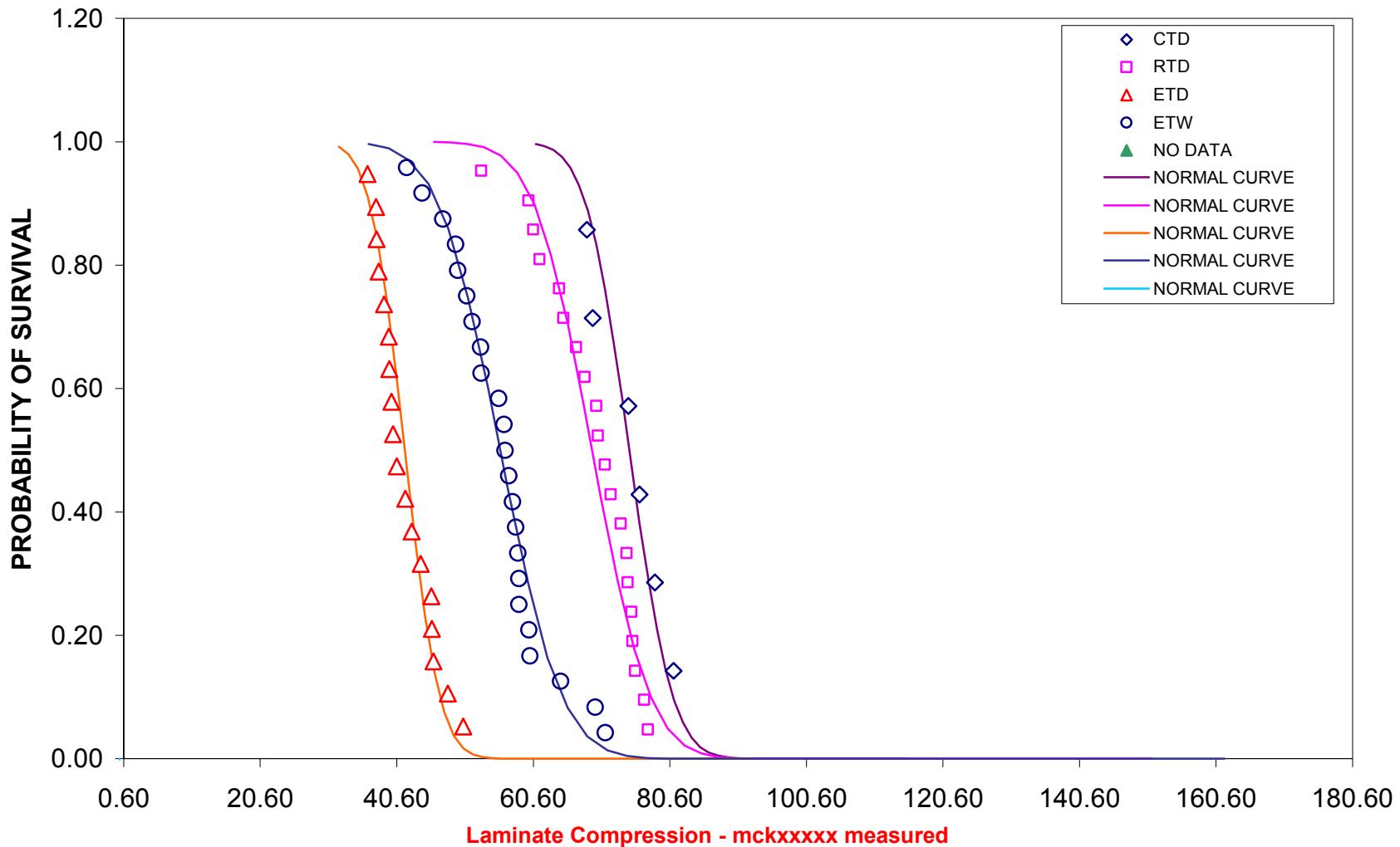
DISTRIBUTION OF GROUPED DATA FOR DIFFERENT TEST CONDITIONS

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric
Lancair



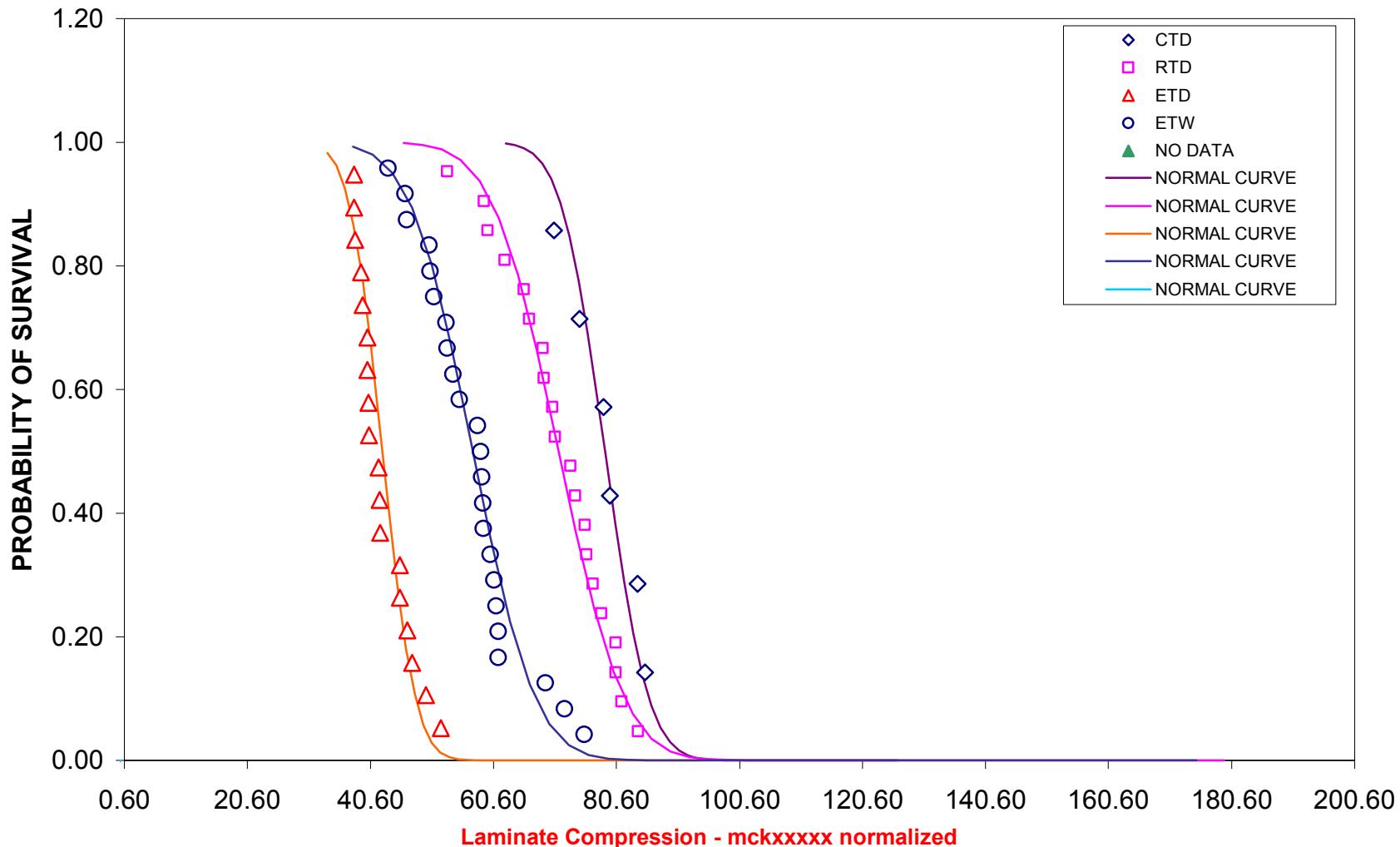
DISTRIBUTION OF GROUPED DATA FOR DIFFERENT TEST CONDITIONS

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric
Lancair



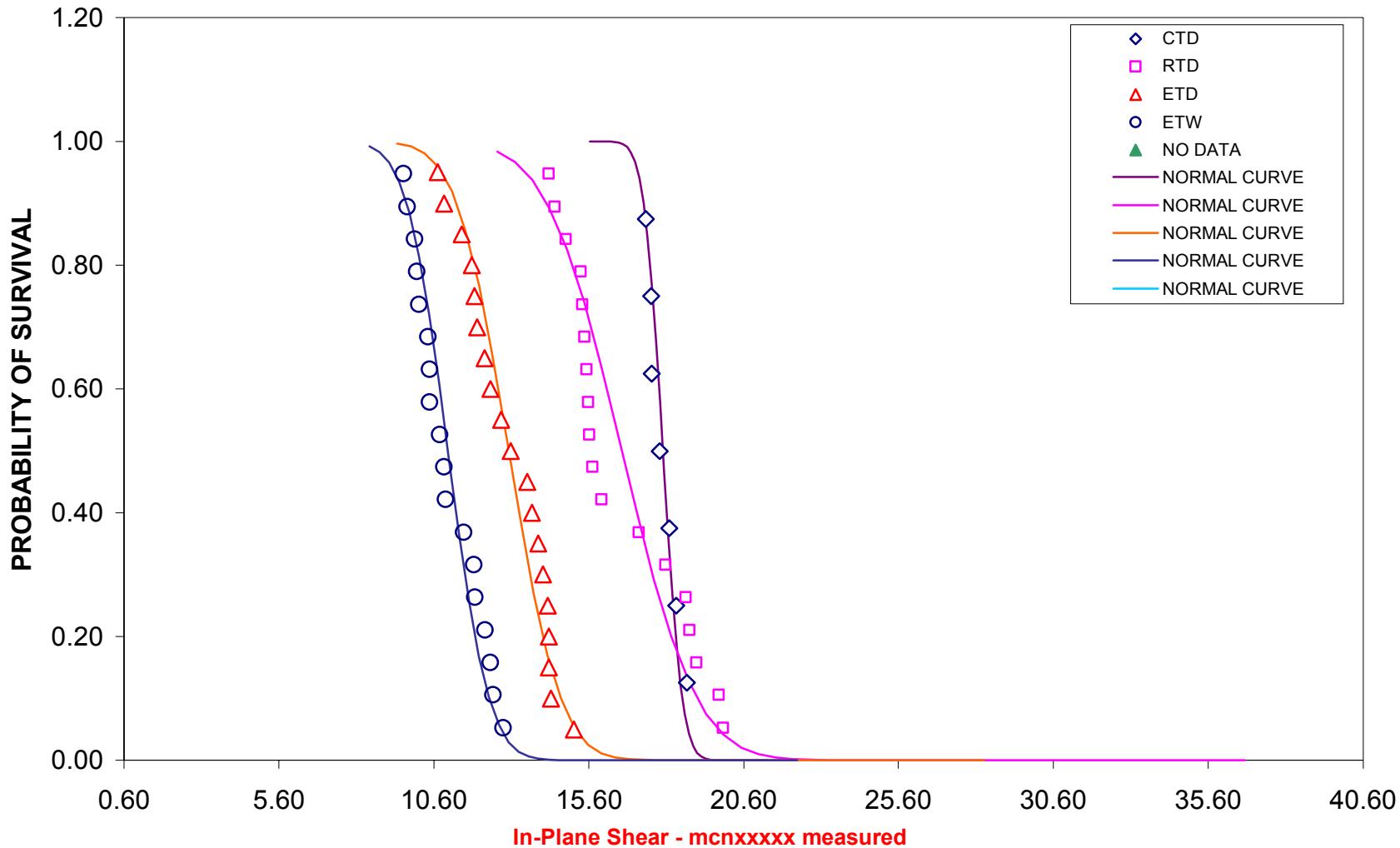
DISTRIBUTION OF GROUPED DATA FOR DIFFERENT TEST CONDITIONS

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric
Lancair



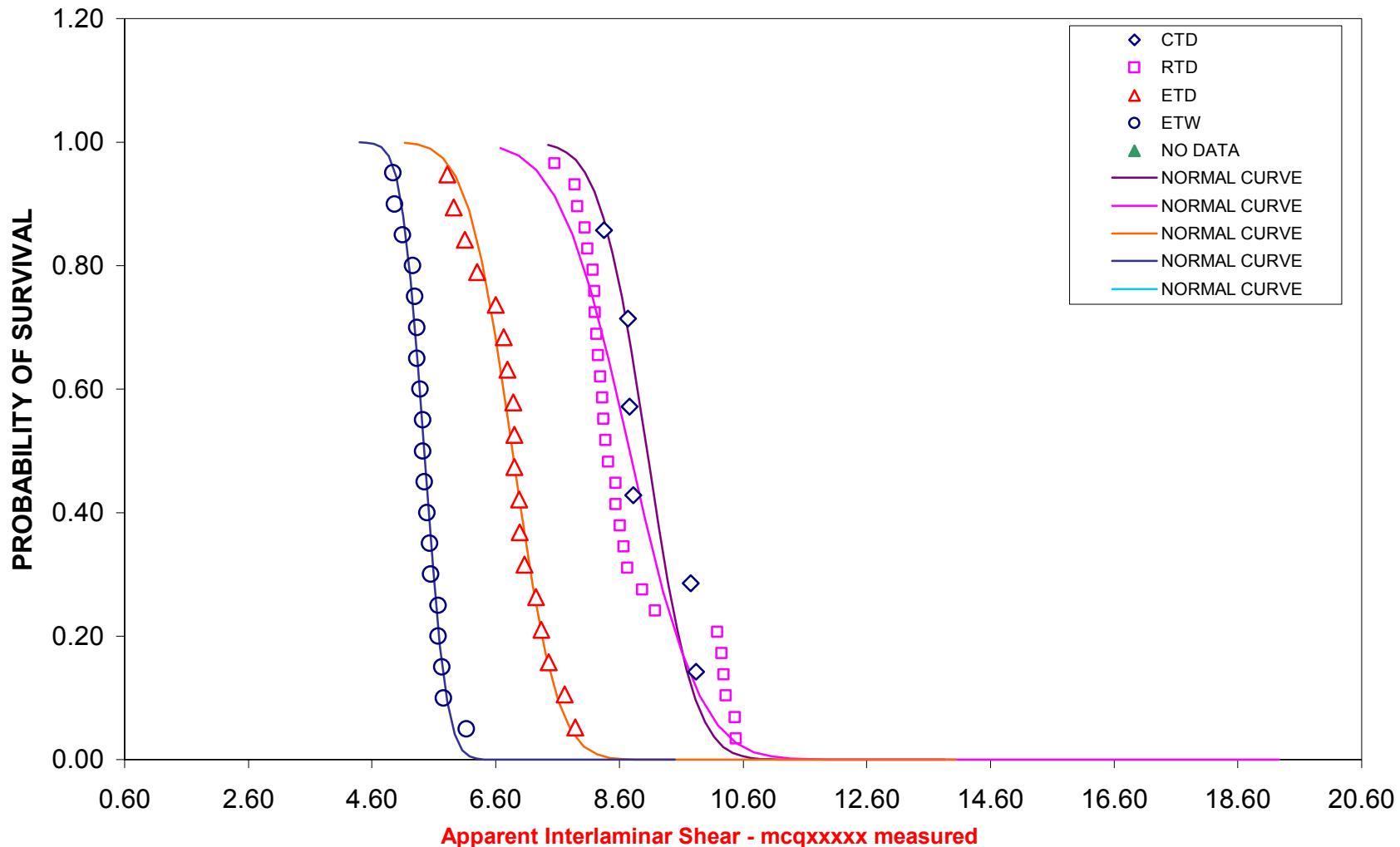
DISTRIBUTION OF GROUPED DATA FOR DIFFERENT TEST CONDITIONS

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric
Lancair



DISTRIBUTION OF GROUPED DATA FOR DIFFERENT TEST CONDITIONS

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric
Lancair



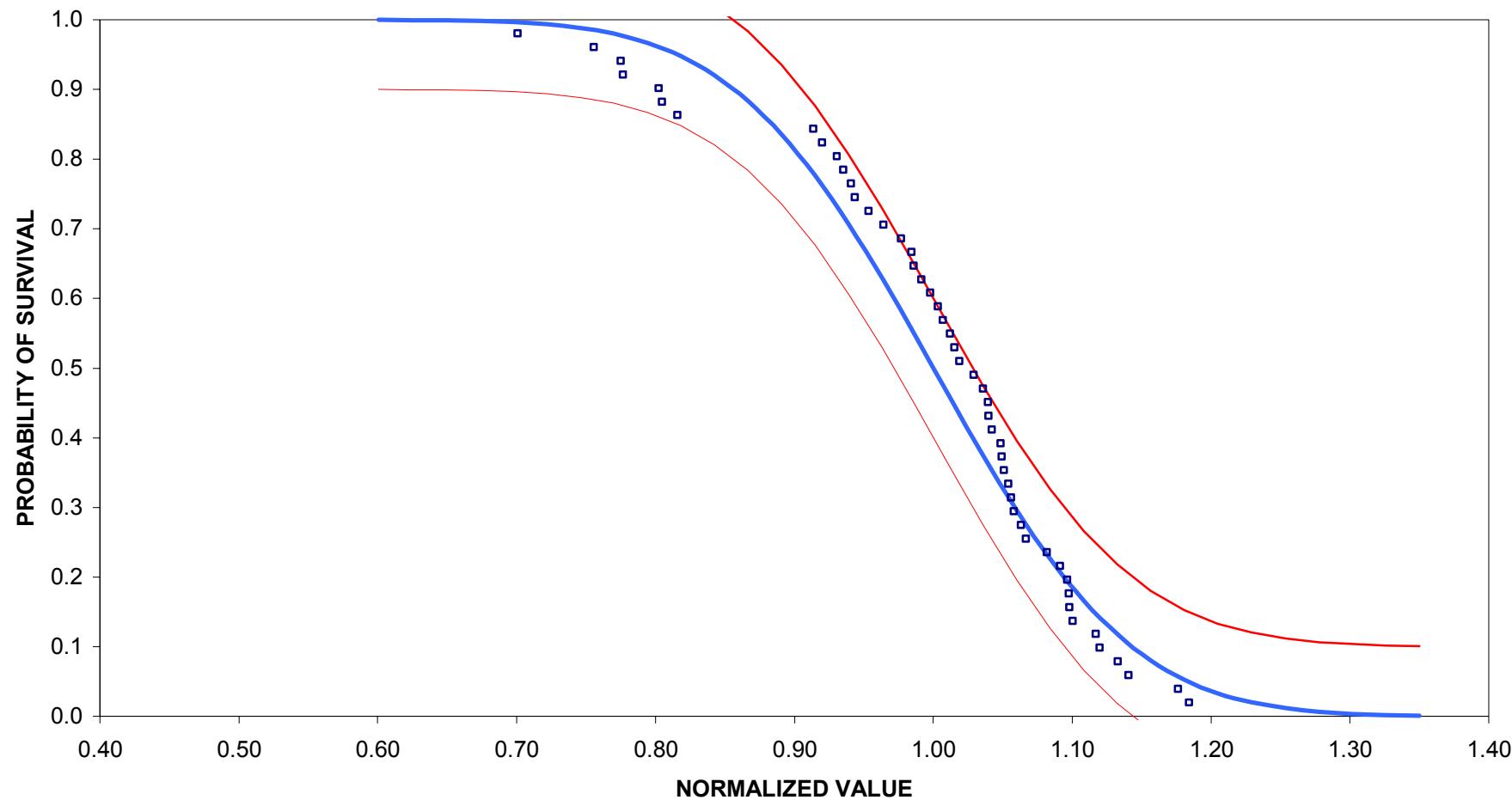
3.3.2 Plot of Pooled Data

DISTRIBUTION OF POOLED DATA

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Lancair

Laminate Tension - mcjxxxx measured

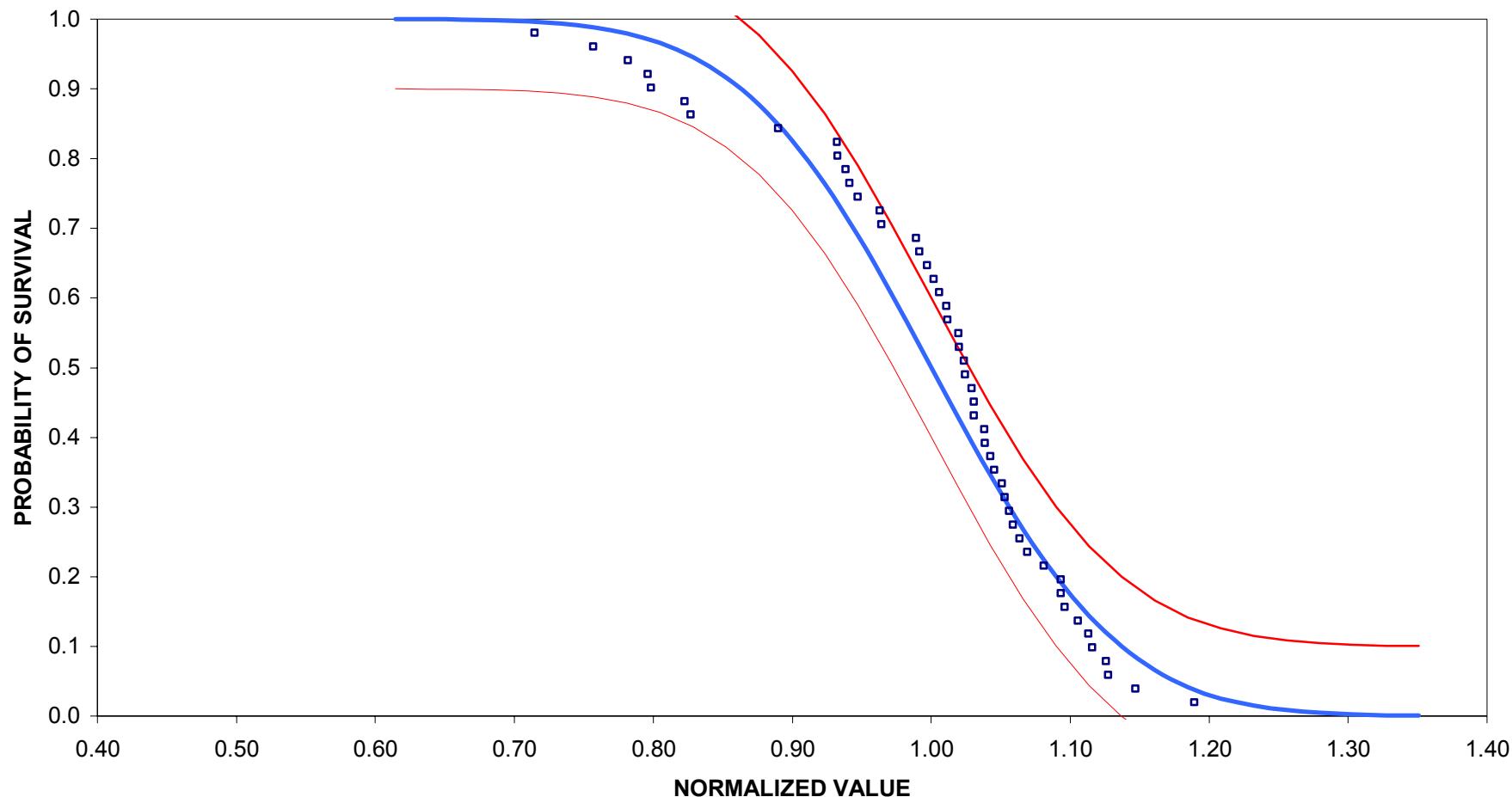


DISTRIBUTION OF POOLED DATA

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Lancair

Laminate Tension - mcjxxxx normalized

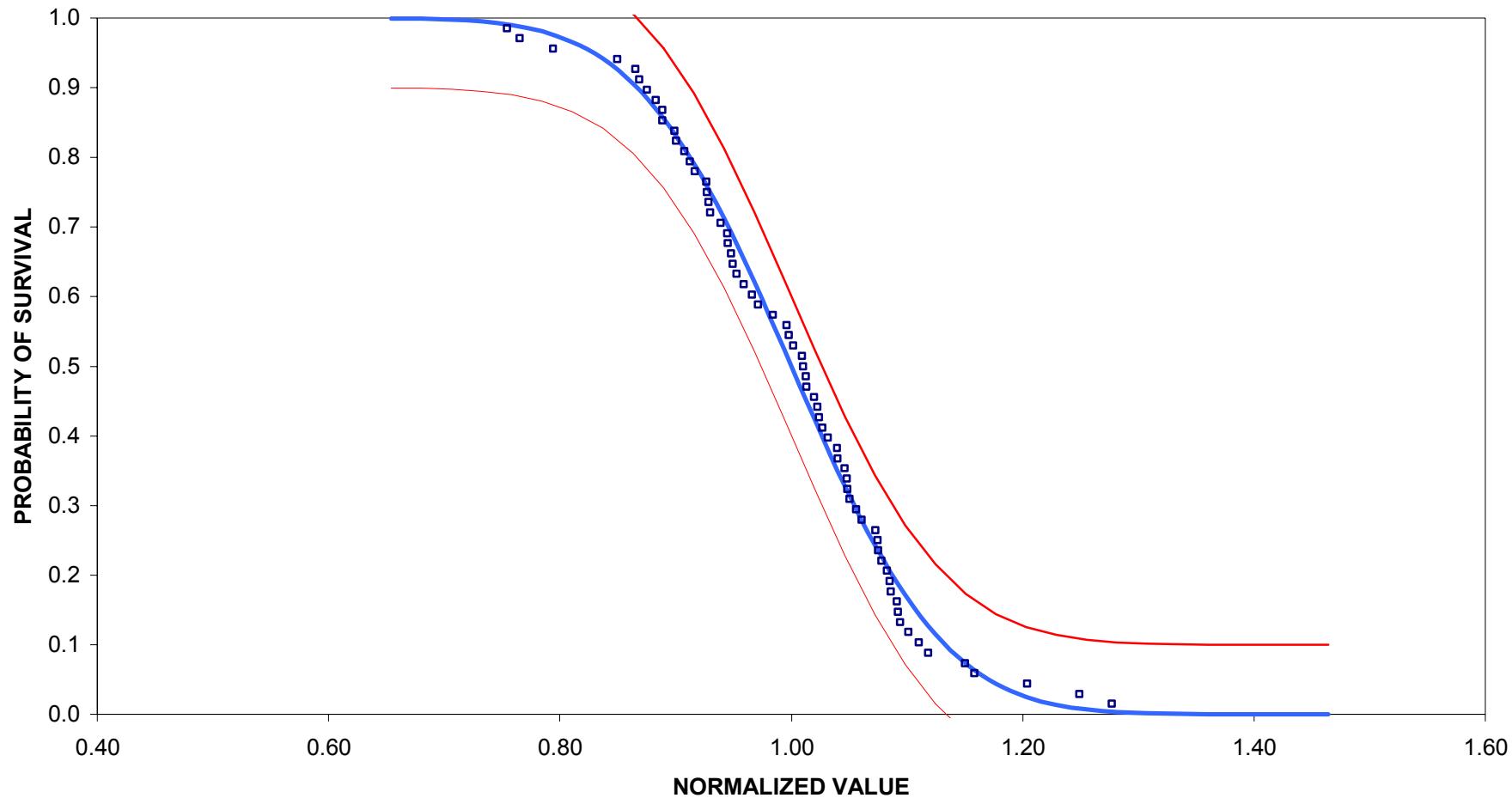


DISTRIBUTION OF POOLED DATA

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Lancair

Laminate Compression - mckxxxx measured

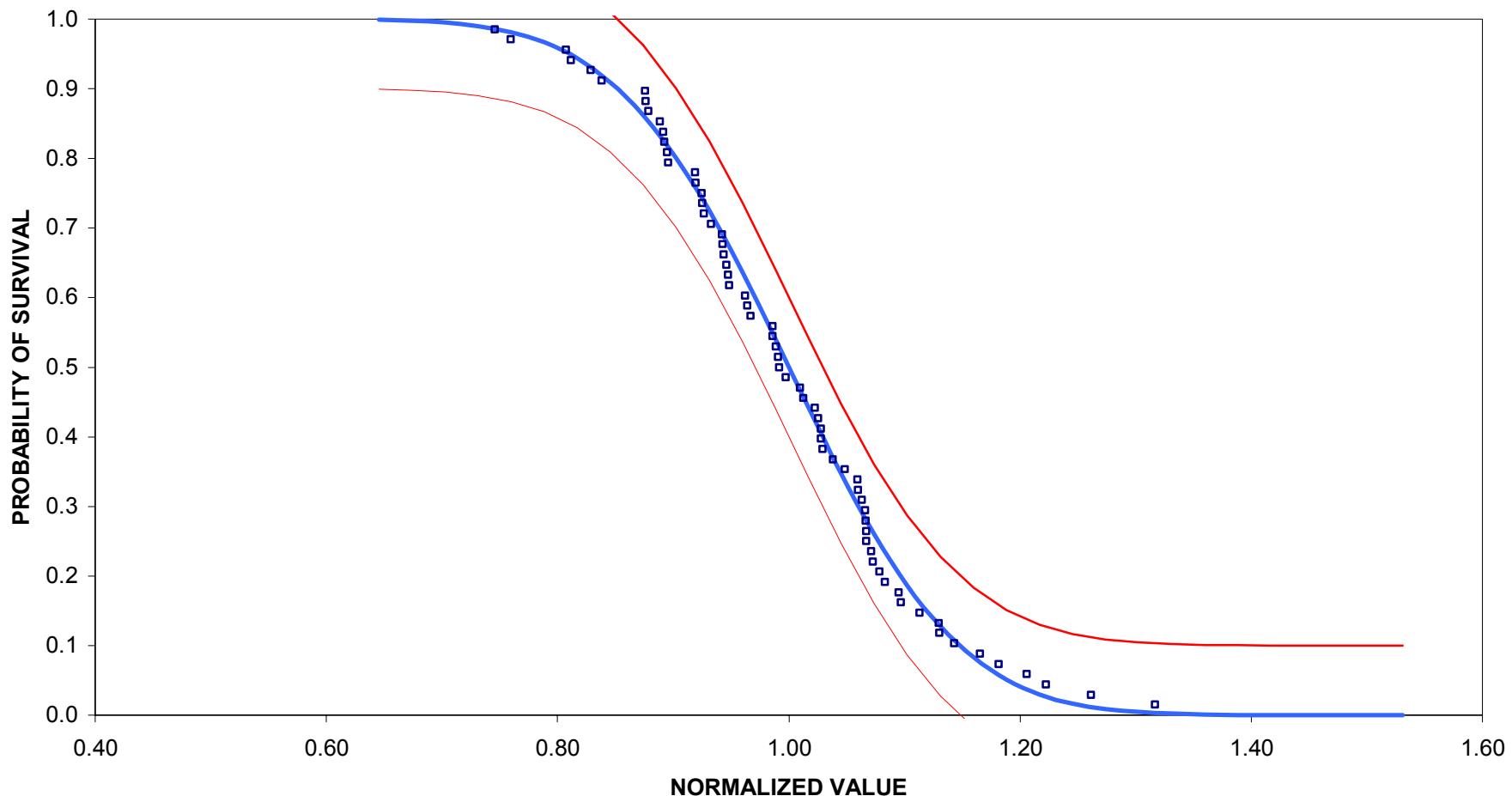


DISTRIBUTION OF POOLED DATA

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Lancair

Laminate Compression - mckxxxx normalized

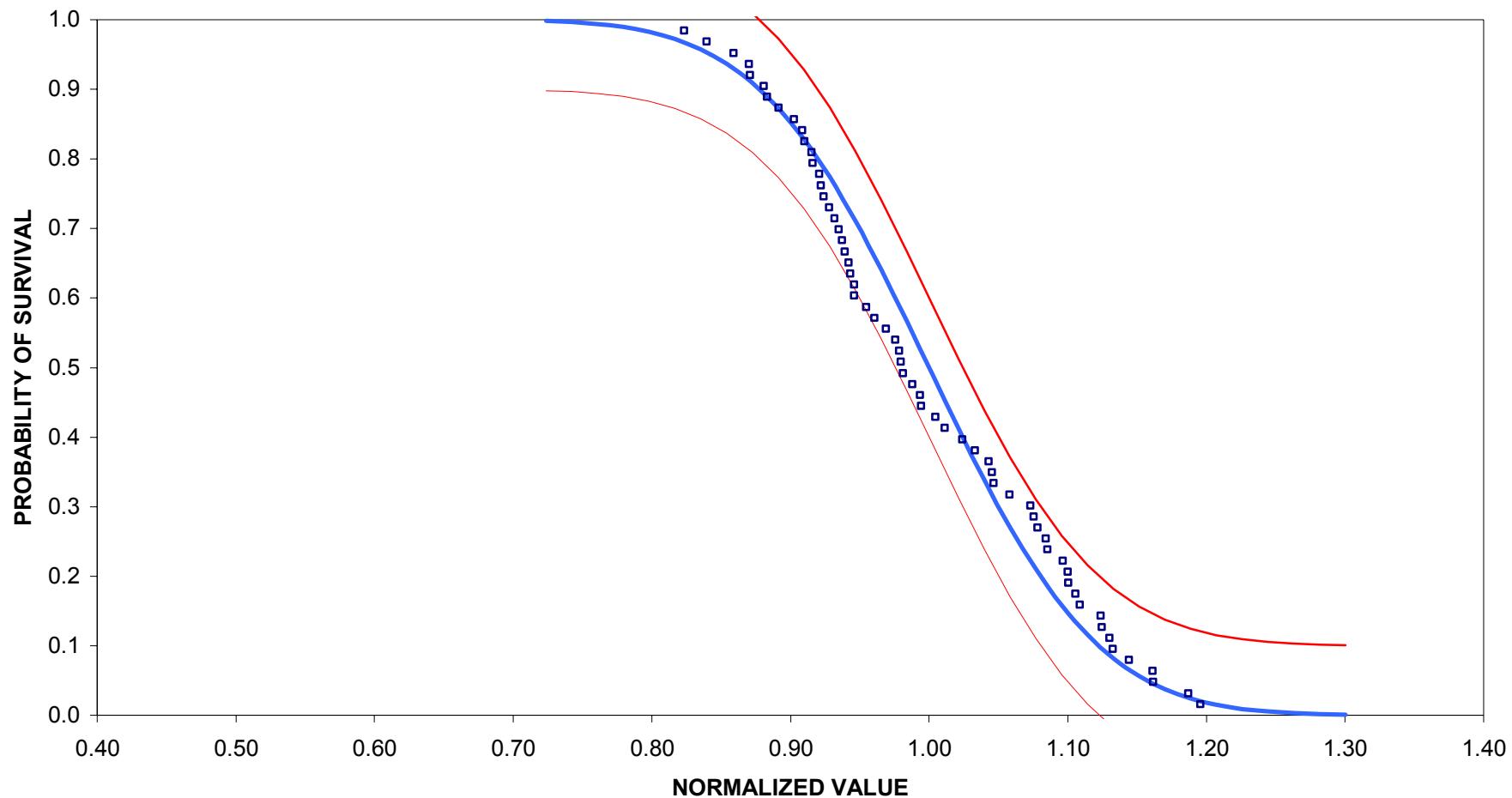


DISTRIBUTION OF POOLED DATA

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

Lancair

In-Plane Shear - mcnxxxx measured

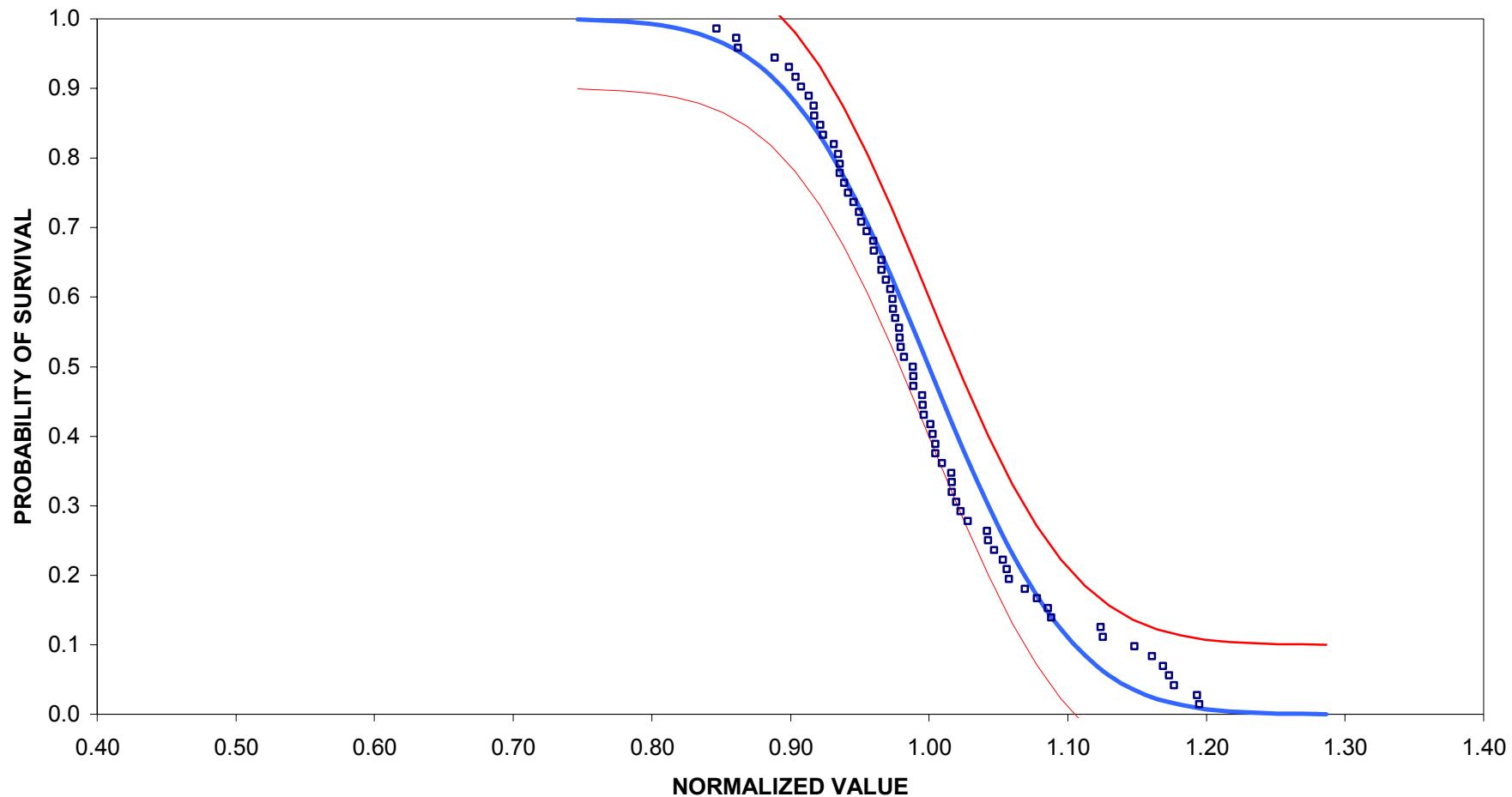


DISTRIBUTION OF POOLED DATA

NB-321/3K70P Carbon Fabric

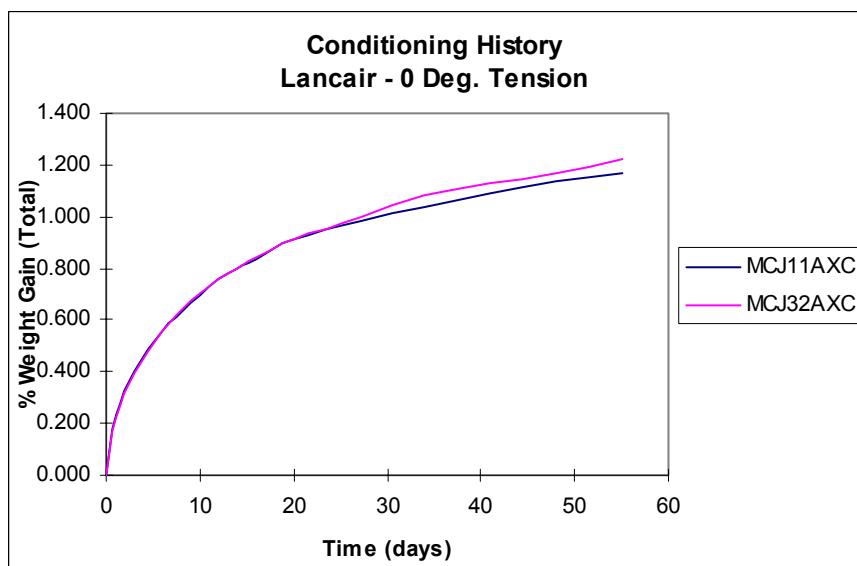
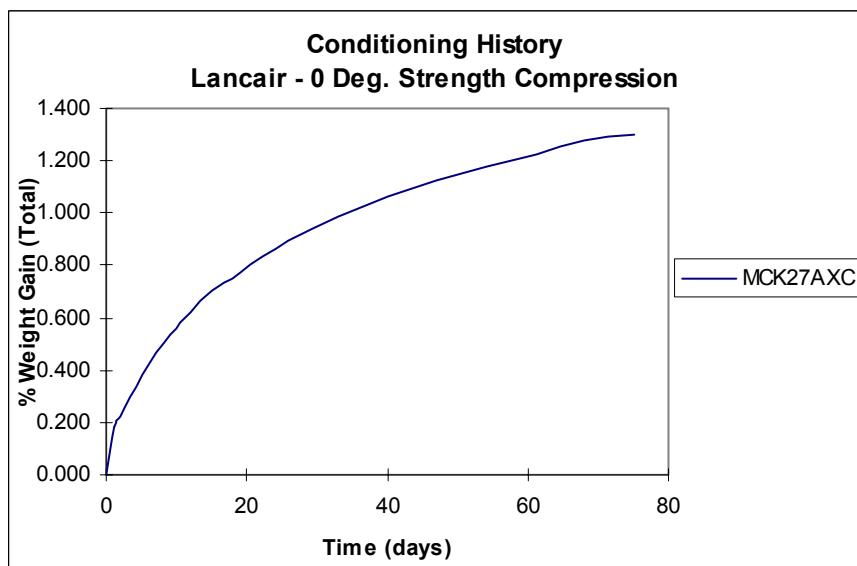
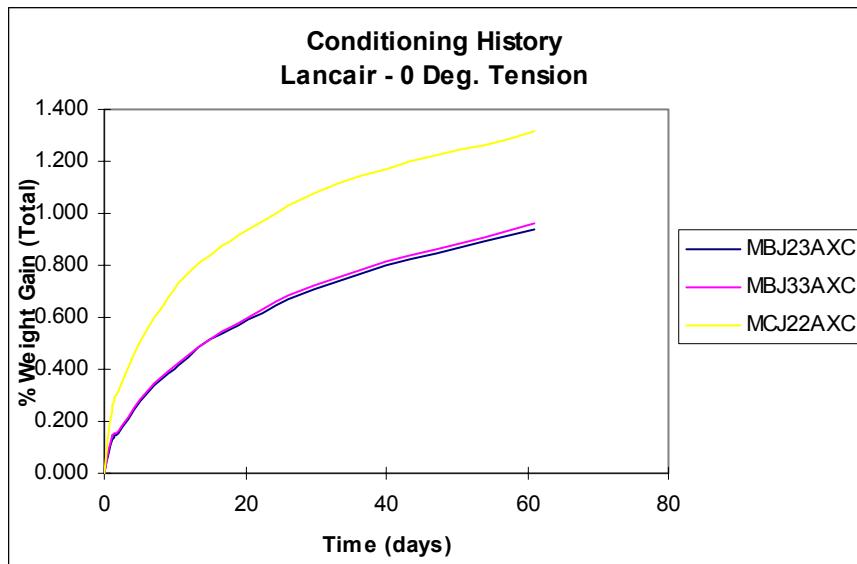
Lancair

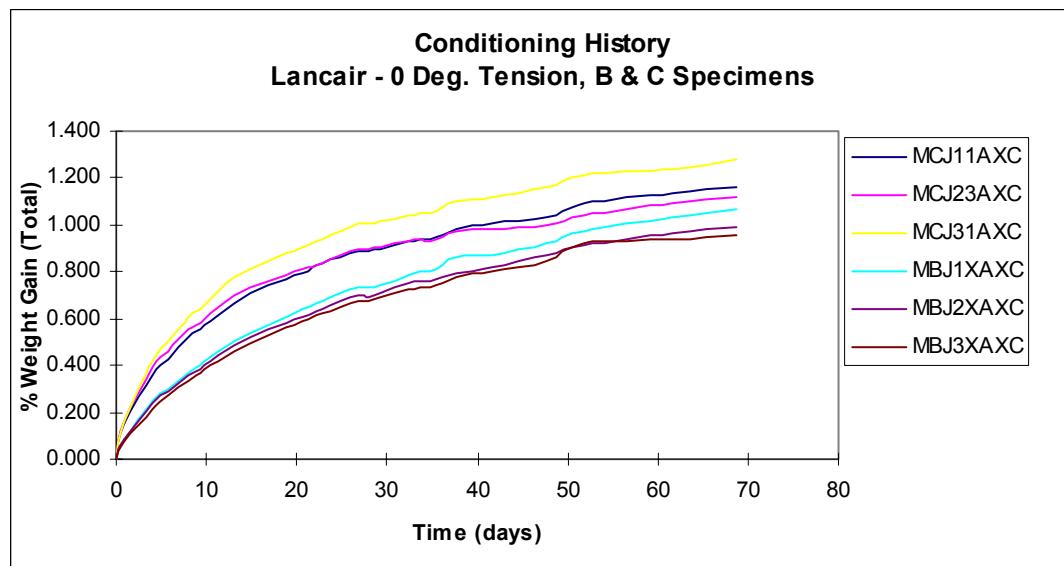
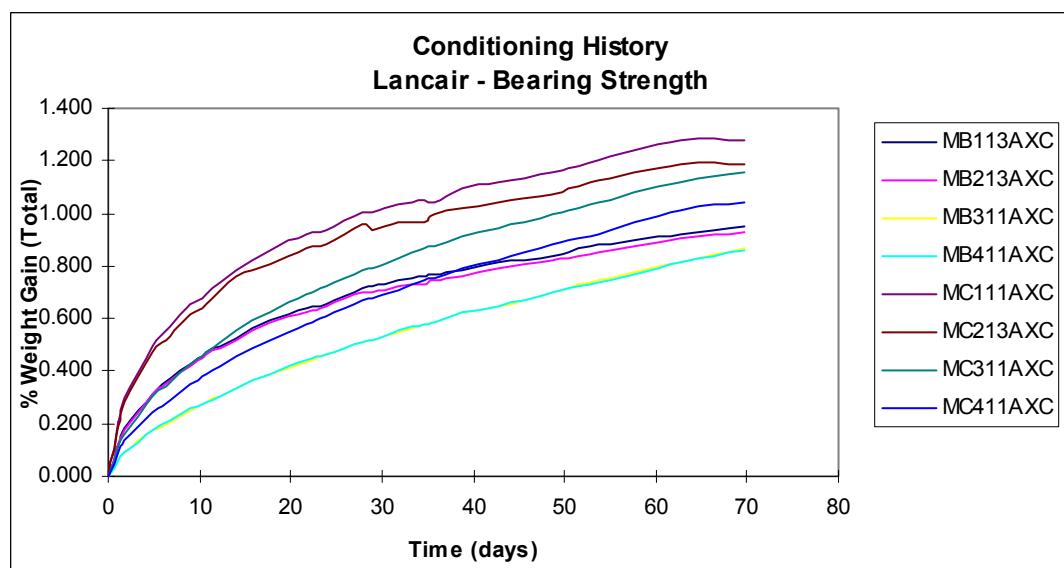
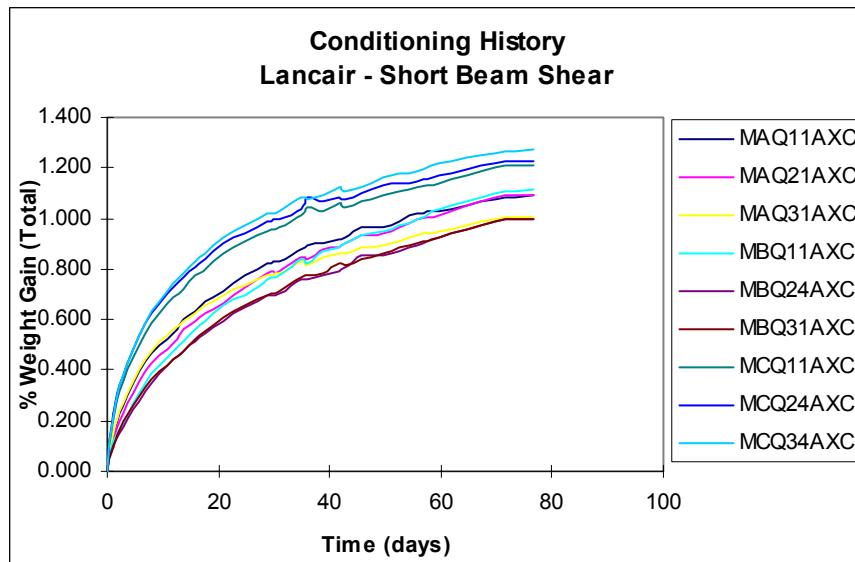
Apparent Interlaminar Shear - mcqxxxx measured

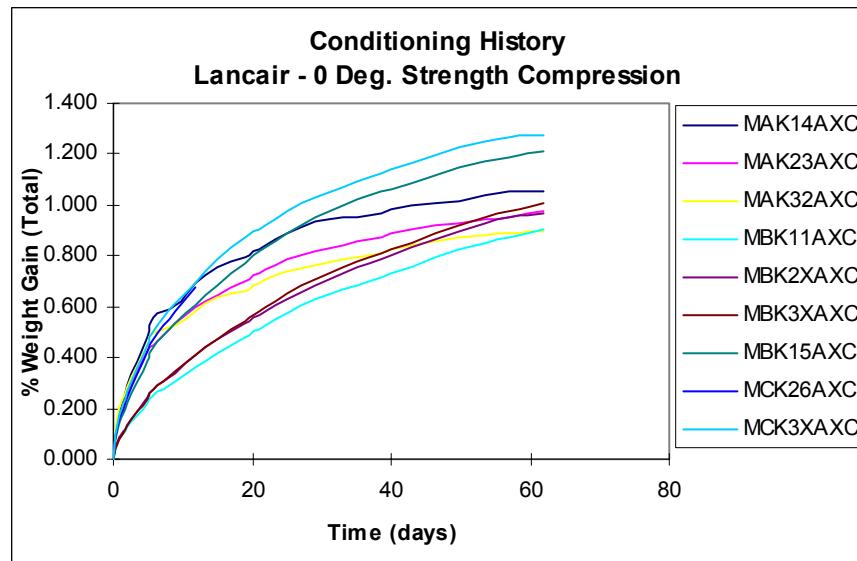




3.4 Moisture Conditioning History Charts







3.5 DMA Results

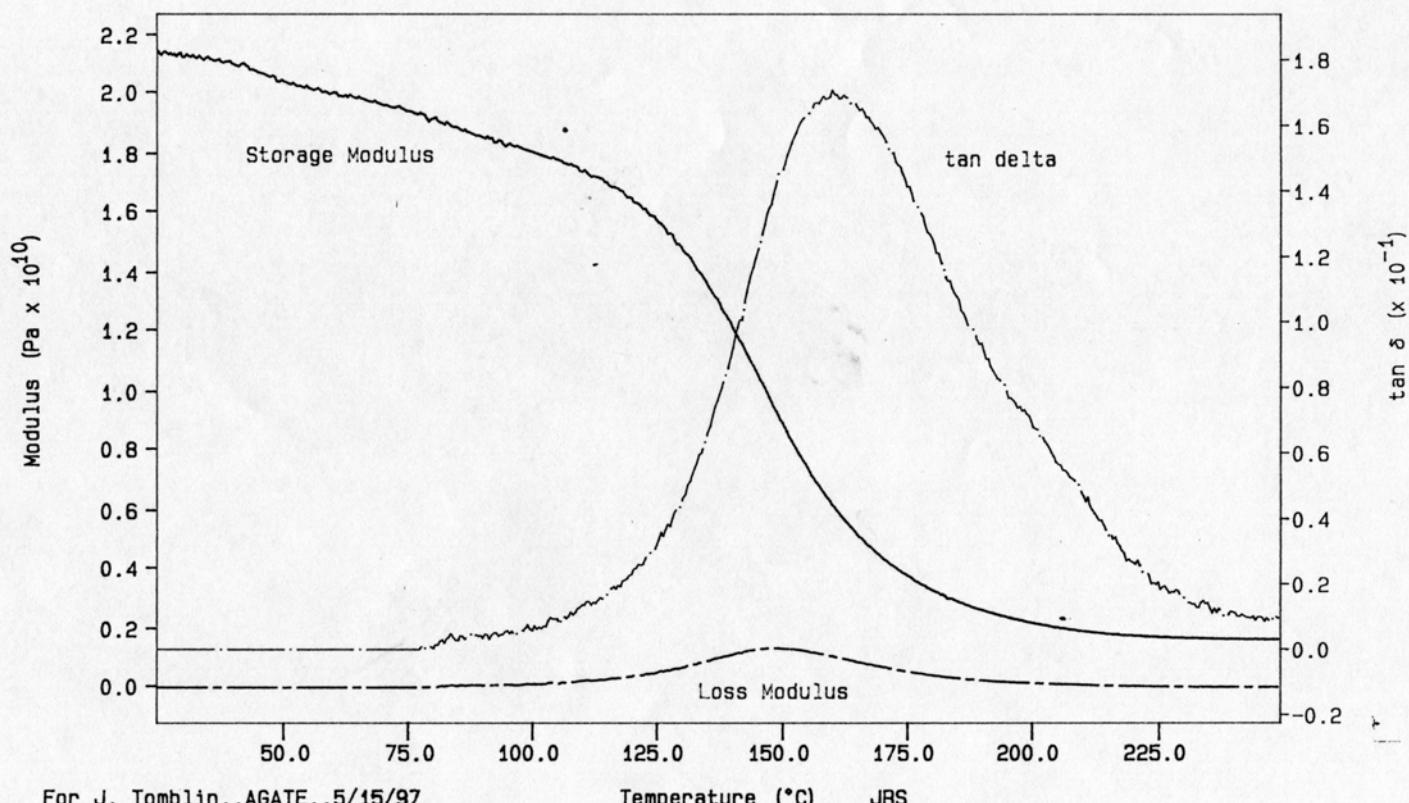
DMA Results

Sample	Tg Onset of Storage Modulus (°C)	Tg Maxima of Loss Modulus (°C)	Tg Maxima of Tan δ (°C)
1 wet	105.8	117.6	124.7
2 wet	107.2	116.2	122.8
3 wet	100.7	111.6	118.7
4 wet	108.7	126.5	135.5
5 wet	110.4	127.0	136.7
6 wet	104.0	126.0	134.8
<i>Average wet</i>	106.2	120.8	128.9

Sample	Tg Onset of Storage Modulus (°C)	Tg Maxima of Loss Modulus (°C)	Tg Maxima of Tan δ (°C)
1 dry	126.4	149.1	160.0
2 dry	135.5	142.4	151.6
3 dry	118.6	138.6	151.8
4 dry	114.5	145.0	162.0
5 dry	109.4	154.4	169.2
6 dry	124.0	156.1	168.6
<i>Average dry</i>	121.4	147.6	160.5

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MAD1_2AxA Thu May 15 16:02:38 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.008%
MAD1_2AxA Tension: 120.000%

MAD1_2AxA



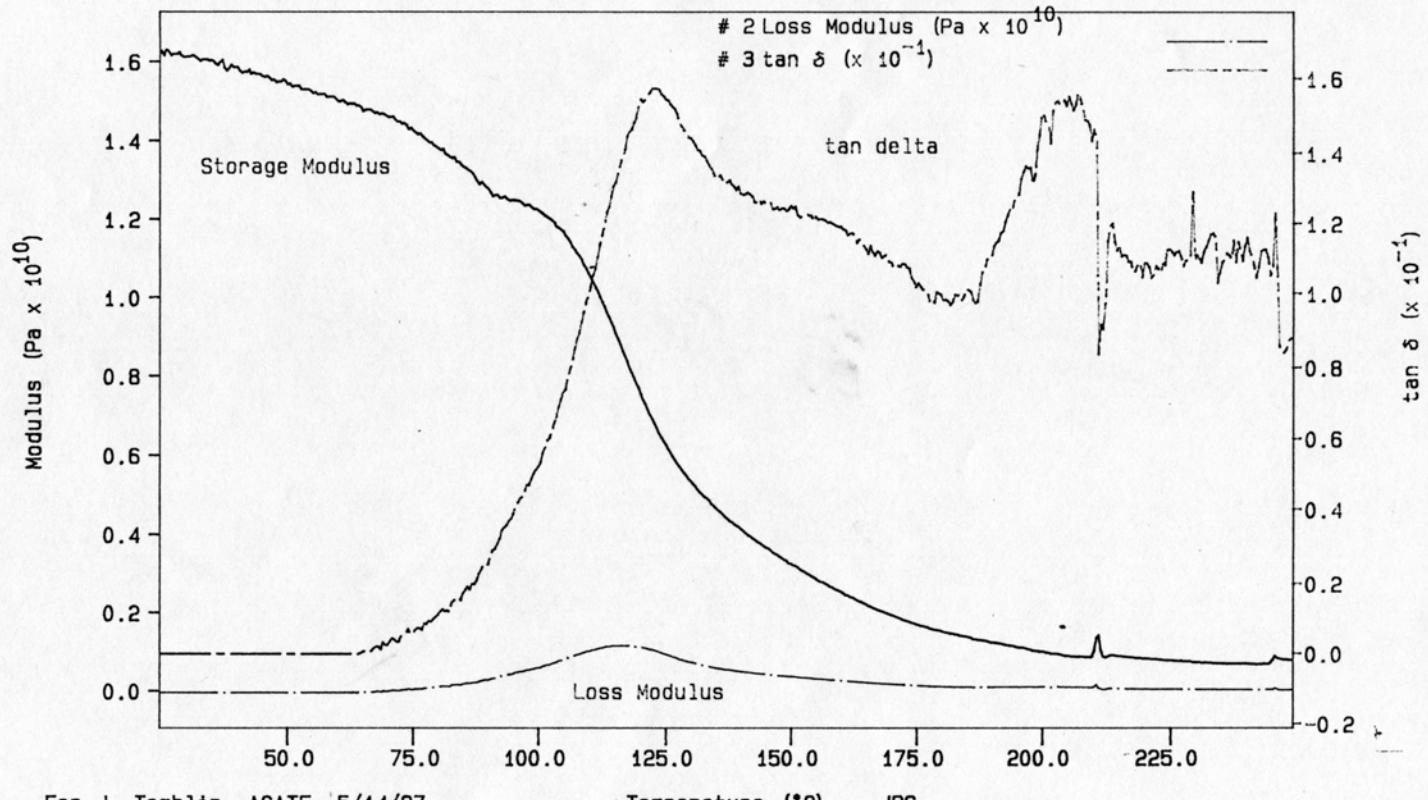
For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/15/97
TEMP1: 25.0 C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 C/min
TEMP2: 250.0 C

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 16:23:30 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MAD1_2Ax0 Wed May 14 15:51:00 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.008%
MAD1_2Ax0 Tension: 120.000%

1 MAD1_2Ax0: MAD1_2Ax0
Storage Modulus (Pa $\times 10^{10}$)

2 Loss Modulus (Pa $\times 10^{10}$)
3 tan δ ($\times 10^{-1}$)



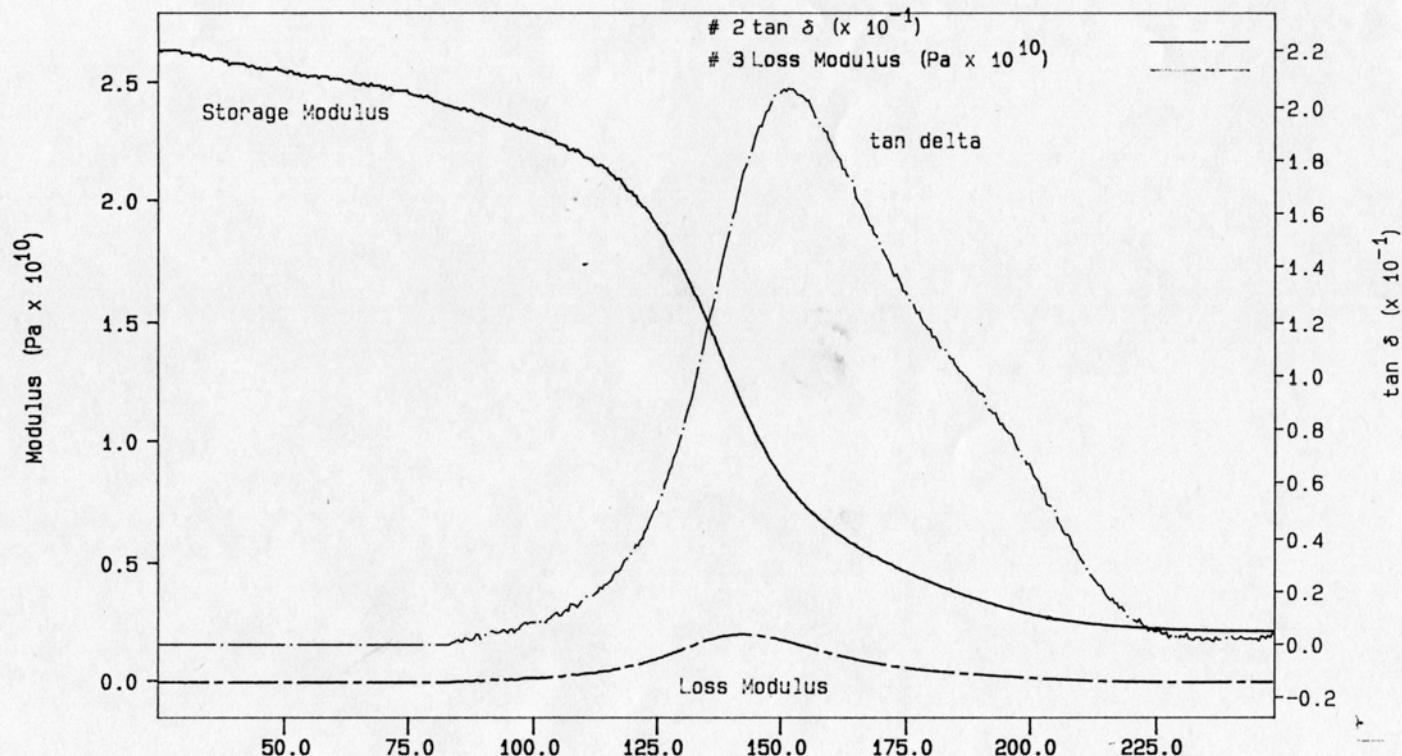
For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/14/97
TEMP1: 25.0 °C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 °C/min

Temperature (°C)

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 16:48:44 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MAD2_2AxA Thu May 15 14:33:49 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.008%
MAD2_2AxA Tension: 120.000%

1 MAD2_2AxA: MAD2_2AxA
Storage Modulus (Pa $\times 10^{10}$)



For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/15/97
TEMP1: 25.0 °C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 °C/min

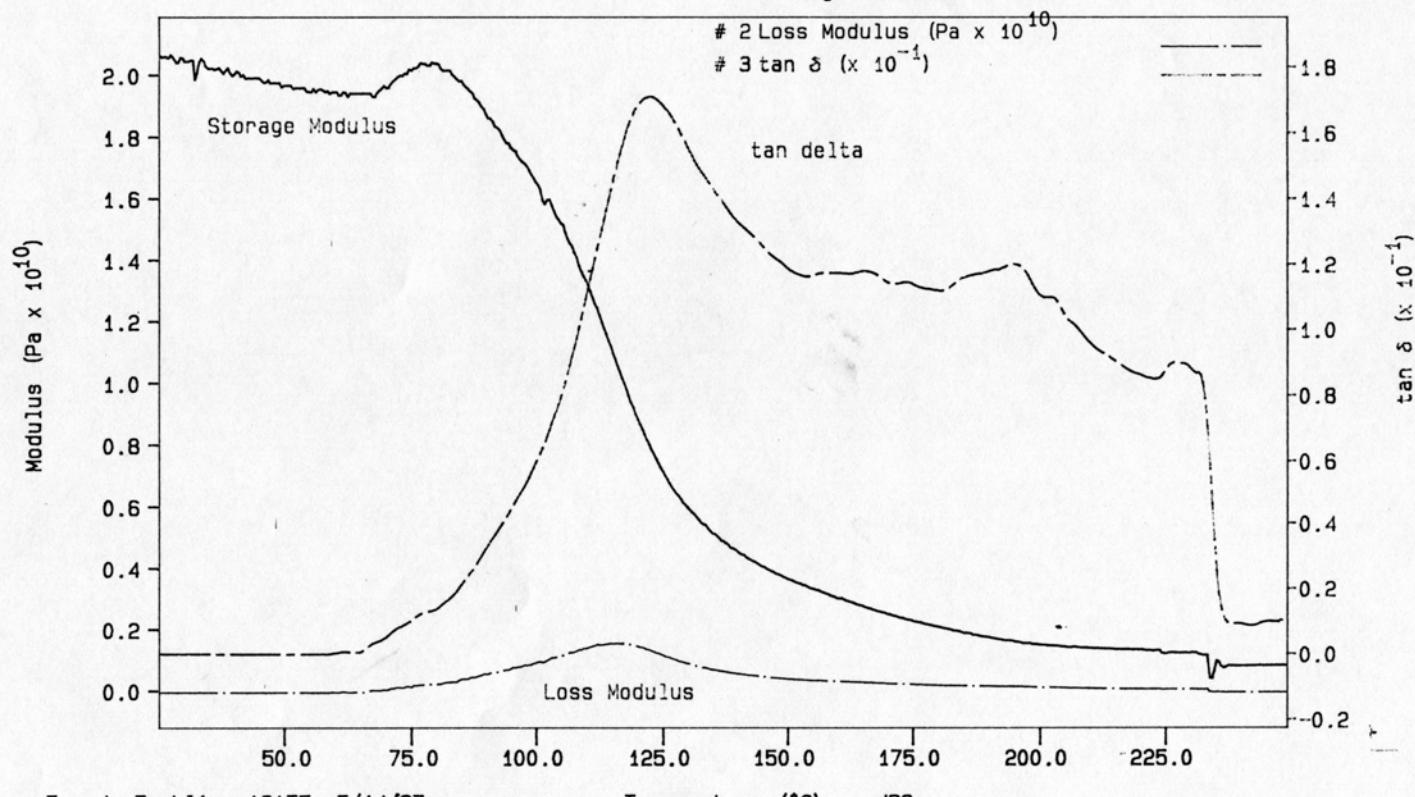
Temperature (°C)

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 16:32:41 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MAD2_2AxD Wed May 14 14:34:57 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.008%
MAD2_2AxD Tension: 120.000%

1 MAD2_2AxD: MAD2_2AxD
Storage Modulus (Pa $\times 10^{10}$)

2 Loss Modulus (Pa $\times 10^{10}$)
3 tan δ ($\times 10^{-4}$)

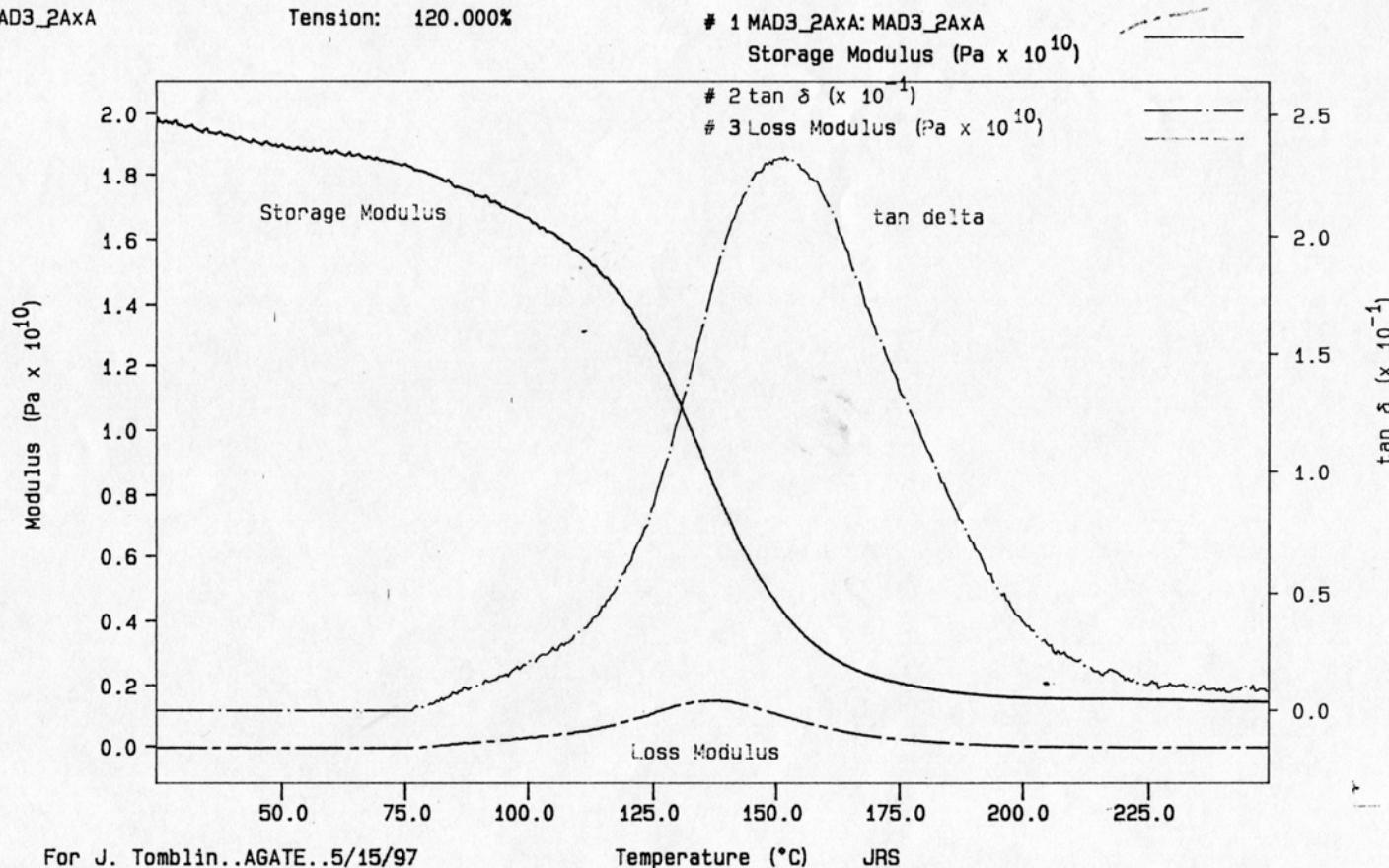


For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/14/97
TEMP1: 25.0 C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 C/min
TEMP2: 260.0 C

Temperature (°C)

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 16:58:10 1997

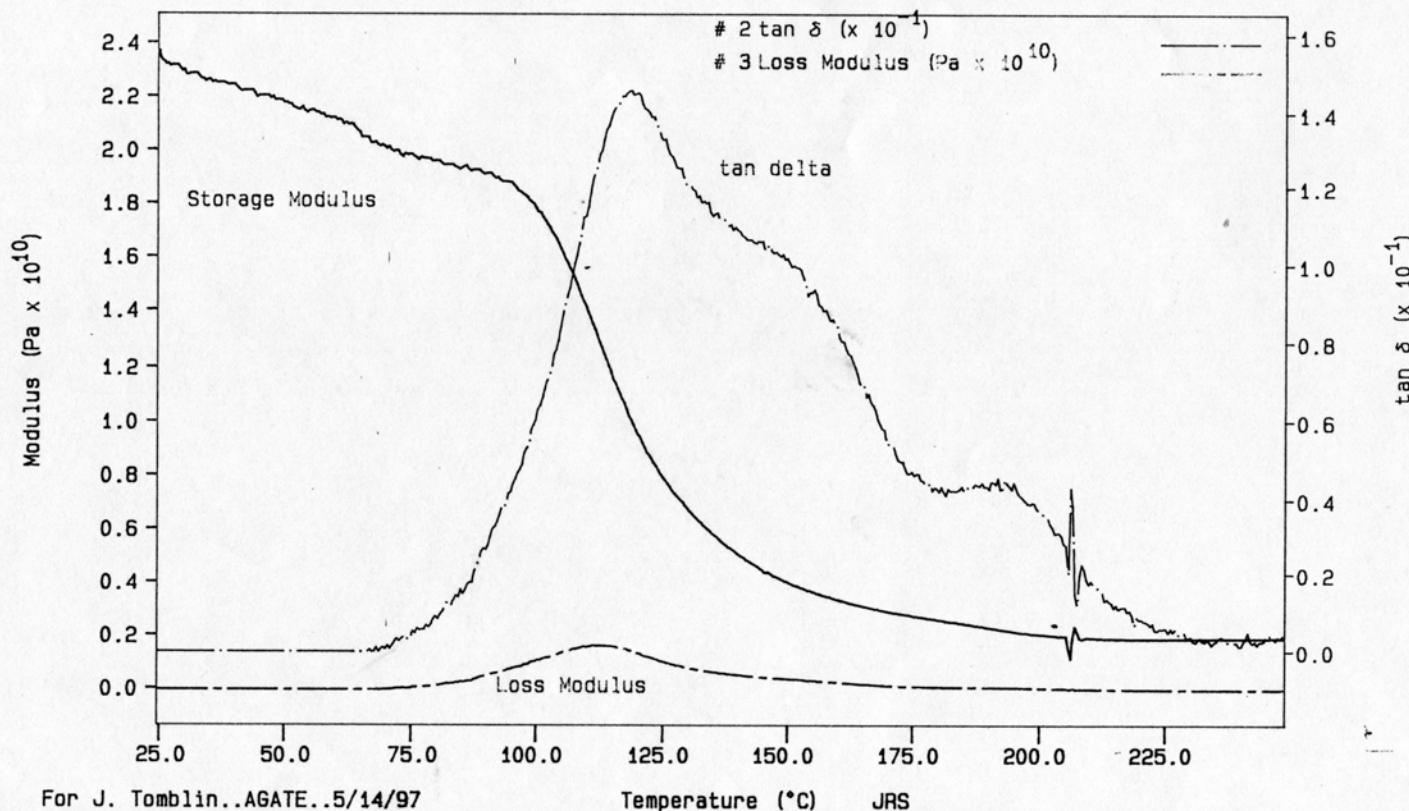
Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MAD3_2AxA Thu May 15 12:43:26 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.008%
MAD3_2AxA Tension: 120.000%



Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MAD3_2AxD Wed May 14 12:48:19 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.008%
MAD3_2AxDa Tension: 120.000%

1 MAD3_2AxDa: MAD3_2AxD
Storage Modulus (Pa $\times 10^{10}$)

2 tan δ ($\times 10^{-1}$)
3 Loss Modulus (Pa $\times 10^{10}$)



For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/14/97
TEMP1: 25.0 C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 C/min

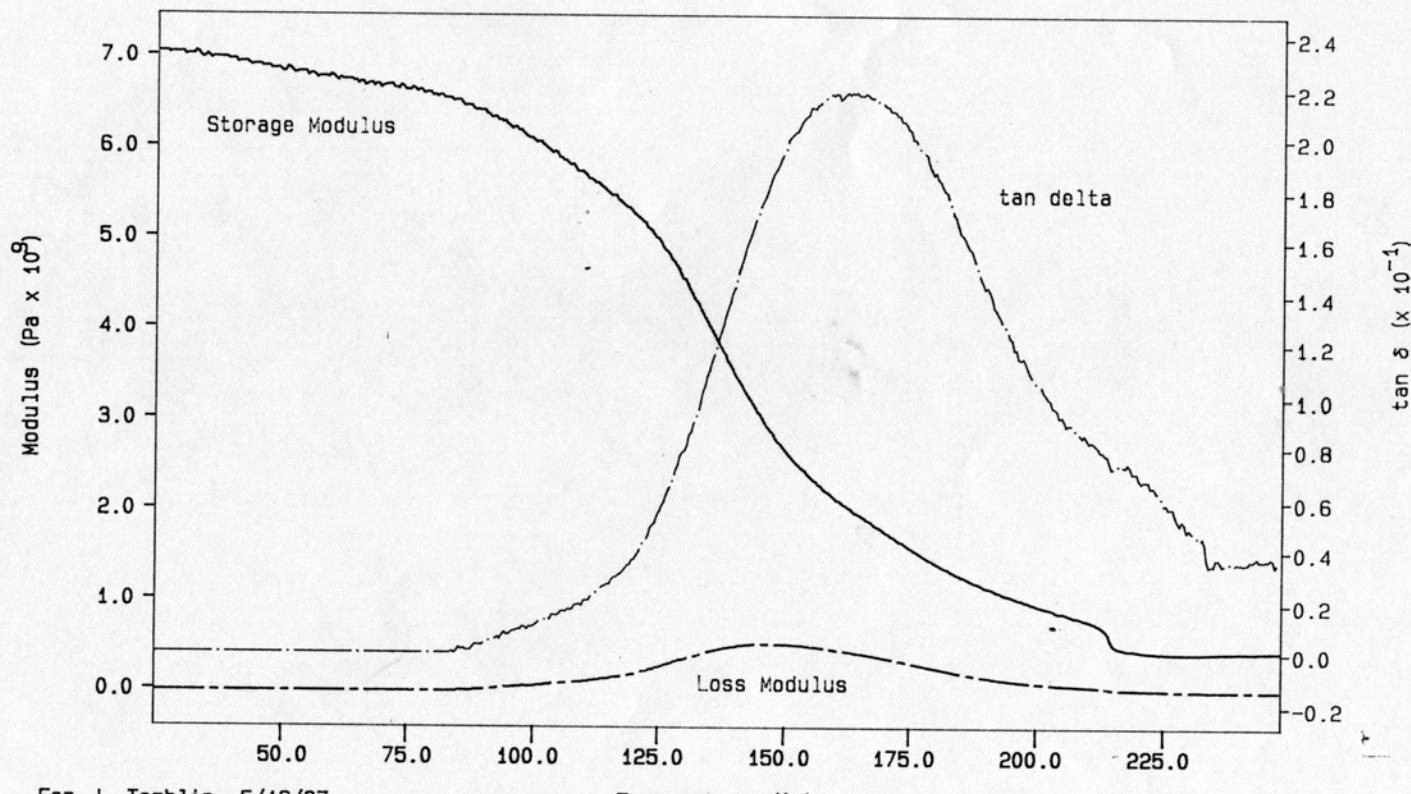
TEMP2: 250.0 C

Temperature (°C)

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 17:06:58 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MBD1_1AxA Fri May 16 12:57:25 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.012%
MBD1_1AxA Tension: 120.000%

MBD1_1AxA

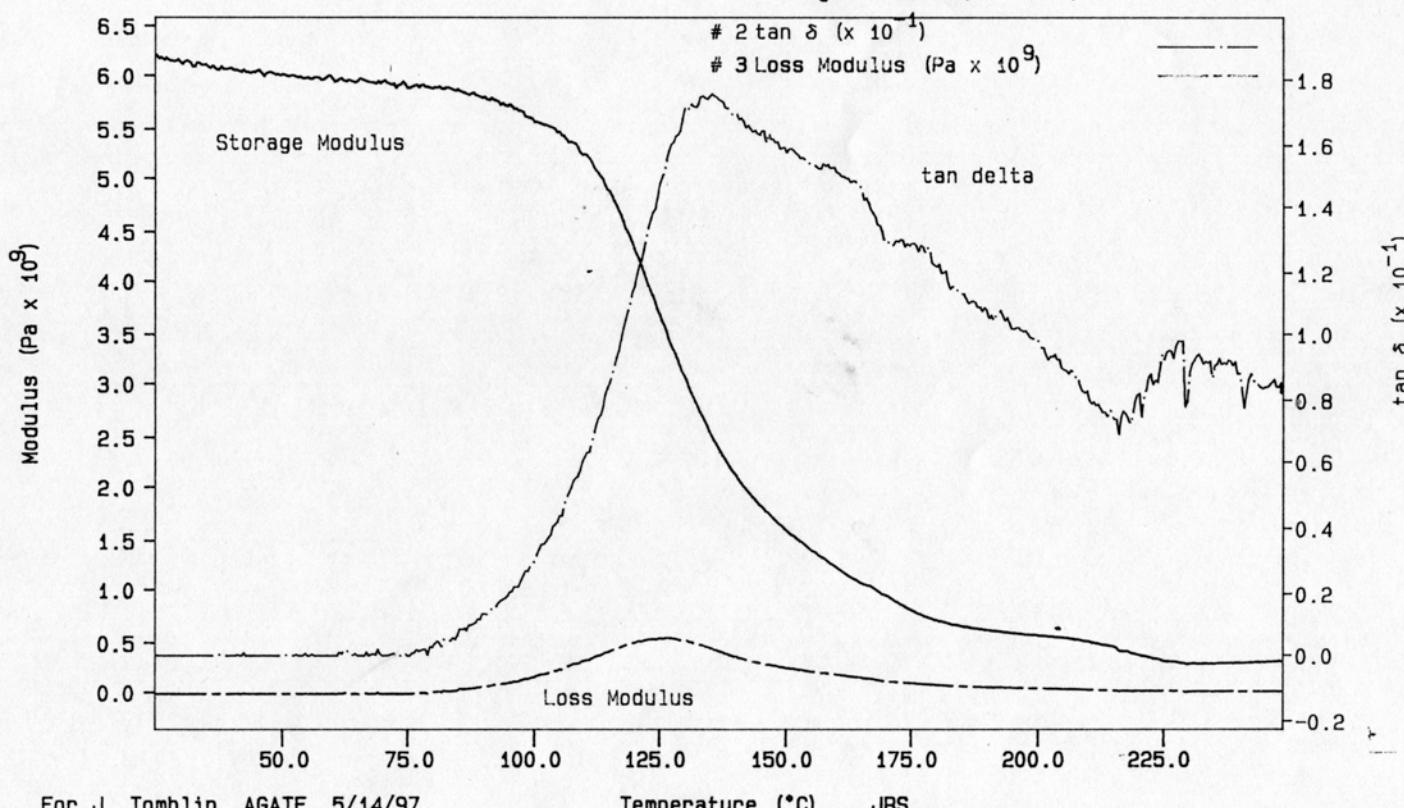


For J. Tomblin..5/16/97
TEMP1: 25.0 °C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 °C/min

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 16:05:40 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MBD1_1AxD Wed May 14 10:46:59 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.012%
MBD1_1AxD Tension: 120.000%

1 MBD1_1AxD:MBD1_1AxD
Storage Modulus (Pa x 10⁹)



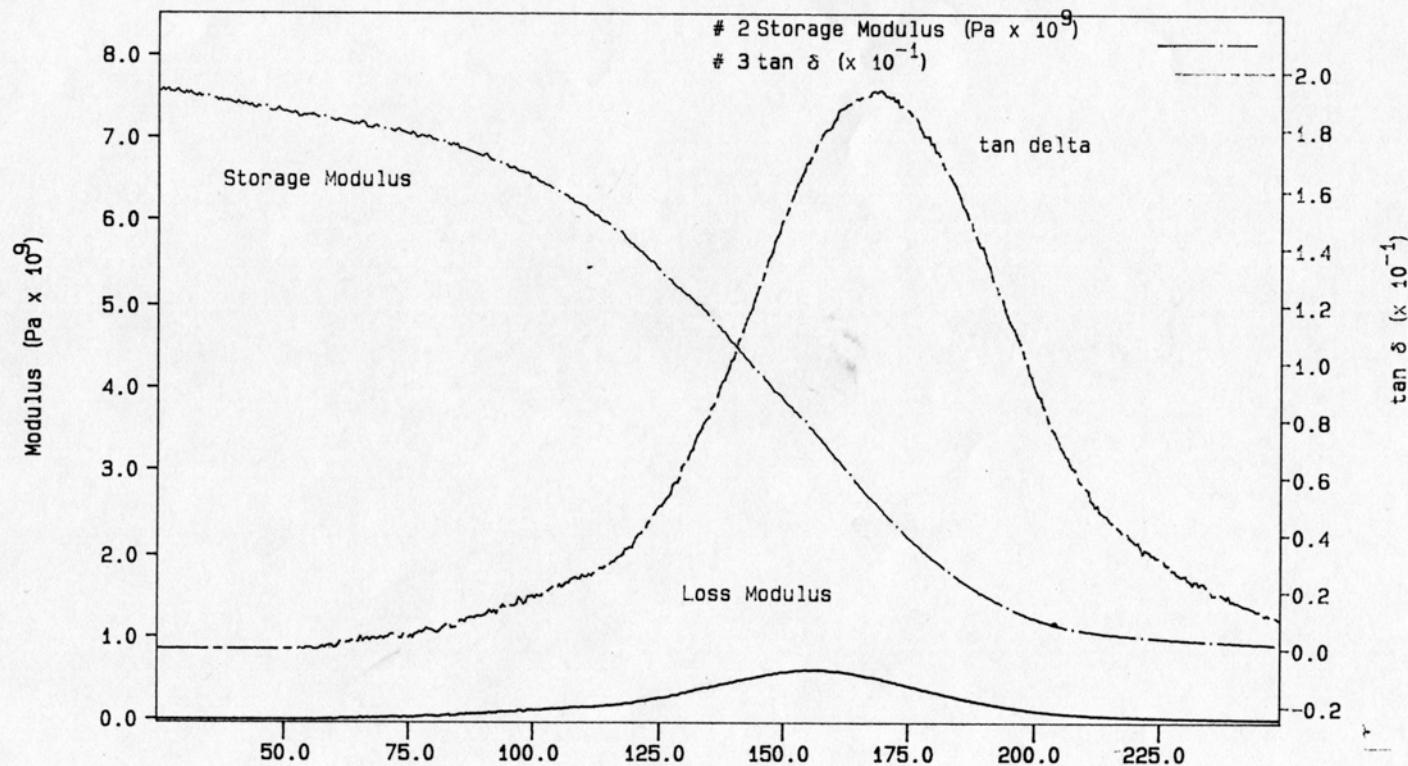
For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/14/97
TEMP1: 25.0 °C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 °C/min

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 17:21:27 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
 File info: MBD2_1AxAa Tue May 13 13:28:21 1997
 Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.012%
 MBD2_1AxAa Tension: 120.000%

1 MBD2_1AxAa: MBD2_1AxAa
 Loss Modulus (Pa $\times 10^9$)

2 Storage Modulus (Pa $\times 10^9$)
 # 3 tan δ ($\times 10^{-1}$)



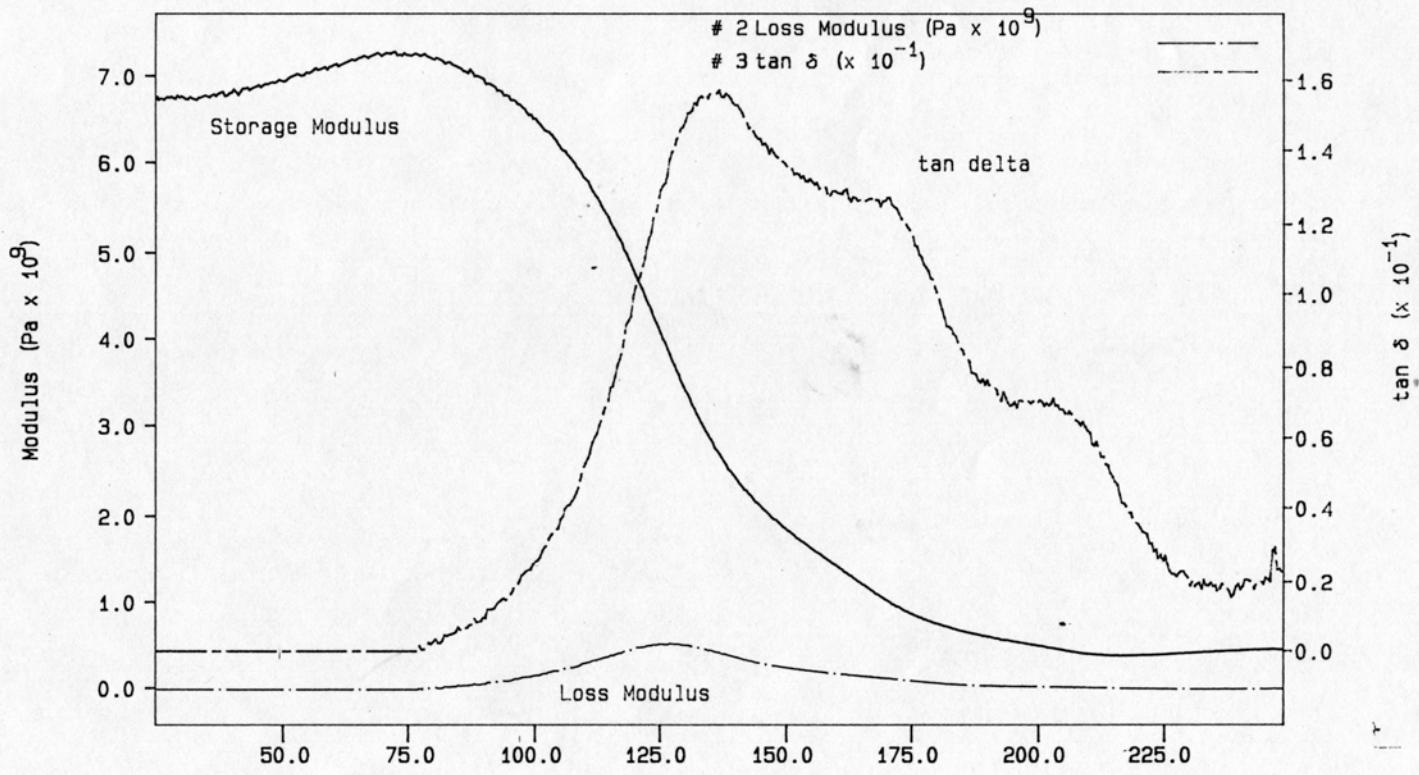
For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/13/97
 TEMP1: 25.0 °C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 °C/min
 TEMP2: 250.0 °C

Temperature (°C)

JRS
 PERKIN-ELMER
 7 Series Thermal Analysis System
 Fri May 23 17:50:23 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MBD2_1AxAD Tue May 13 16:55:03 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.012%
MBD2_1AxAD Tension: 120.000%

1 MBD2_1AxAD: MBD2_1AxAD
Storage Modulus (Pa x 10⁹)



For J. Tomblin..AGATE..5/13/97
TEMP1: 25.0 °C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 °C/min
TEMP2: 250.0 °C

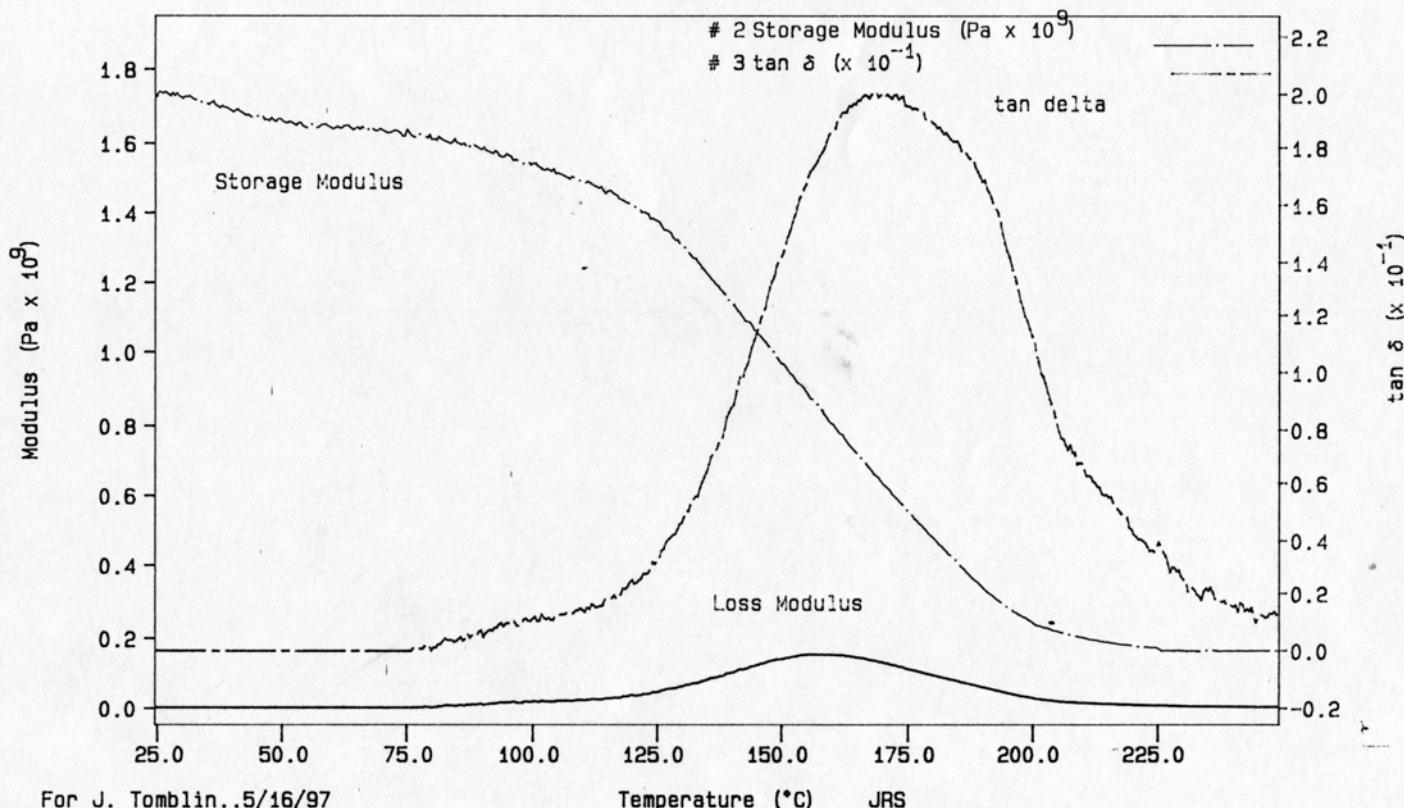
Temperature (°C)

JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 17:32:28 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
 File info: MBD3_1AxA Fri May 16 11:39:51 1997
 Frequency: 1.00 Hz Strain: 0.010%
 MBD3_1AxA Tension: 120.000%

1 MBD3_1AxA:MBD3_1AxA
 Loss Modulus (Pa x 10⁹)

2 Storage Modulus (Pa x 10⁹)
 # 3 tan δ (x 10⁻¹)



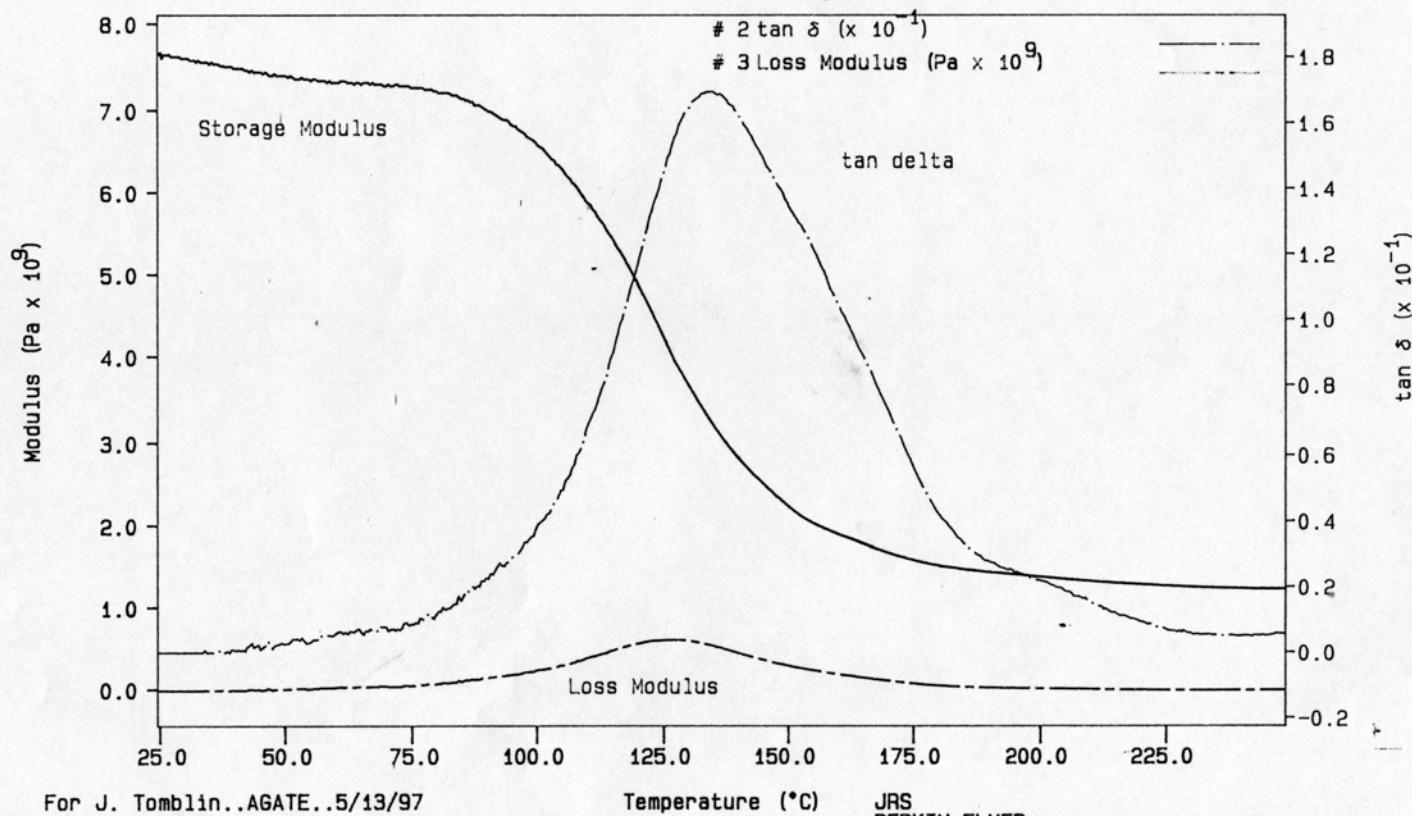
For J. Tomblin..5/16/97
 TEMP1: 25.0 °C TIME1: 0.0 min RATE1: 5.0 °C/min
 TEMP2: 250.0 °C

Temperature (°C)

JRS
 PERKIN-ELMER
 7 Series Thermal Analysis System
 Fri May 23 16:14:01 1997

Curve 1: DMA Temp/Time Scan in 3 Point Bending
File info: MBD3_1AxDa Tue May 13 15:34:11 1997
Frequency: 1.00 Hz Dynamic Stress: 8.97e+05Pa
MBD3_1AxDa Static Stress: 1.13e+06Pa

1 MBD3_1AxDa: MBD3_1AxDa
Storage Modulus (Pa x 10⁹)



JRS
PERKIN-ELMER
7 Series Thermal Analysis System
Fri May 23 17:40:49 1997

4.0 TESTING AND REPORTING COMMENTS

Conformity data is documented and archived as part of the Lancair certification program. FAA project No. TC 1616SE-A.